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	From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU		
PCT	То:		
NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION (PCT Rule 61.2)	Assistant Commissioner for Patents United States Patent and Trademark Office Box PCT Washington, D.C.20231 ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE		
Date of mailing (day/month/year) 26 July 2000 (26.07.00)	in its capacity as elected Office		
International application No. PCT/US99/28589	Applicant's or agent's file reference BB1264 PCT		
International filing date (day/month/year) 02 December 1999 (02.12.99)	Priority date (day/month/year) 03 December 1998 (03.12.98)		
Applicant			
CAHOON, Edgar, B. et al			
 The designated Office is hereby notified of its election ma in the demand filed with the International Prelimina 26 June 2000 in a notice effecting later election filed with the Inte The election X was was not made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority Rule 32.2(b). 	ry Examining Authority on: (26.06.00)		
The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes	Authorized officer		
1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland	Kiwa Mpay		
Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35	Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38		

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

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(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)				
BB1264		· _ ·				
International application No.	International filing date (day/mon	hth/year) Priority date (day/month/year) 03/12/1998				
International Patent Classification (IPC) or C12N15/53	r national classification and IPC					
0121013/30						
Applicant						
E.I. DU POND DE NEMOURS AN	ND COMPANY et al					
1. This international preliminary example	amination report has been prepare	ed by this International Preliminary Examining Authority				
and is transmitted to the application						
2. This REPORT consists of a total	of 9 sheets, including this cover	sheet.				
		the description, claims and/or drawings which have				
☐ ☐ This report is also accompation been amended and are the	nied by ANNEXES, i.e. sneets of basis for this report and/or sheets	the description, claims and/or drawings which have containing rectifications made before this Authority				
(see Rule 70.16 and Section	n 607 of the Administrative Instruc	tions under the PCT).				
These annexes consist of a tota	l of sheets.					
3. This report contains indications	relating to the following items:					
I 🖾 Basis of the report						
	•					
-	of opinion with regard to novelty, i	nventive step and industrial applicability				
IV 🛛 Lack of unity of inve	ntion					
V · 🖄 Reasoned statemen citations and explan	nt under Article 35(2) with regard the training suporting such statement	o novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;				
VI D Certain documents	cited					
VII 🛛 Certain defects in th	e international application					
VIII 🛛 Certain observation	s on the international application					
L						
Date of submission of the demand	Dated	of completion of this report				
26/06/2000	27.03	.2001				
Name and mailing address of the internat	ional Autho	rized officer				
preliminary examining authority:		autor March and The second sec				
European Patent Office D-80298 Munich	Page	.м (į́.))				
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Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465	Telep	hone No. +49 89 2399 7322				

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (January 1994)

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1.77. 2000.27

I. Basis of th report

- This report has been drawn on the basis of (substitute sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to the report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17).): Description, pages:
 - 1-30 as originally filed

Claims, No.:

1-19 as originally filed

Drawings, sheets:

1/3-3/3 as originally filed

Sequence listing part of the description, pages:

1-19 (SEQ ID NOs. 1-17), as originally filed

2. With regard to the **language**, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.

These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:

- the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).
- the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).
- the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3).
- 3. With regard to any **nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence** disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:
 - Solution contained in the international application in written form.
 - filed together with the international application in computer readable form.
 - furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.
 - furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.
 - The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.
 - The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished.
- 4. The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:

- the description, pages:
- the claims, Nos.:
- the drawings, sheets:
- 5. This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):

(Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.)

6. Additional observations, if necessary:

II. Priority

- 1. This report has been established as if no priority had been claimed due to the failure to furnish within the prescribed time limit the requested:
 - □ copy of the earlier application whose priority has been claimed.
 - translation of the earlier application whose priority has been claimed.
- 2. This report has been established as if no priority had been claimed due to the fact that the priority claim has been found invalid.

Thus for the purposes of this report, the international filing date indicated above is considered to be the relevant date.

3. Additional observations, if necessary: see separate sheet

IV. Lack of unity of invention

- 1. In response to the invitation to restrict or pay additional fees the applicant has:
 - restricted the claims.
 - paid additional fees.
 - paid additional fees under protest.
 - Delta neither restricted nor paid additional fees.
- 2. This Authority found that the requirement of unity of invention is not complied and chose, according to Rule 68.1, not to invite the applicant to restrict or pay additional fees.
- 3. This Authority considers that the requirement of unity of invention in accordance with Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3 is

- \Box complied with.
- not complied with for the following reasons: see separate sheet
- 4. Consequently, the following parts of the international application were the subject of international preliminary examination in establishing this report:
 - all parts.
 - ☑ the parts relating to claims Nos. 1-19 (all partially).
- V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)	Yes: No:		2,9, 12, 14, 15 (all partially) 1, 3-8, 10, 11, 13, 16-19 (all partially)
Inventive step (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-19 (all partially)
Industrial applicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-19 (all partially)

2. Citations and explanations see separate sheet

VII. Certain defects in the international application

The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted: see separate sheet

VIII. Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made: **see separate sheet**

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The application concerns the provision of polynucleotide and polypeptide sequences corresponding to plant (Florida bitterbush) delta-6- or sphingolipid-desaturase. One of the principle products of this enzyme, gamma-linoleic acid, is reported to have pharmaceutical properties.

<u>Re Item II</u> Priority

The priority document available to the IPEA at the time of examination only discloses 2 polypeptide sequences (SEQ ID NOs. 4 and 5 of the priority document, the former corresponding to SEQ ID NO. 2 of the present application), but no polynucleotide sequences, although reference is made to such in the document. For now, it has been assumed that priority is valid as claimed.

<u>Re Item IV</u> Lack of Unity of Invention

The applicant has not responded to the invitation to pay additional fees or restrict the claims. Examination of novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability has therefore been restricted to Invention 1) as described in the Invitation, i.e. **claims 1-19 (partially)**, corresponding to isolated polynucleotide and polypeptide sequences encoding delta-6/sphingolipid desaturase and their selection and uses where the sequences are SEQ ID NOs. 1 and 2.

<u>Re Item V</u>

Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

- 1) Reference is made to the following documents:
 - D1: WO 96 21022 A (RHONE POULENC AGROCHIMIE) 11 July 1996 (1996-07-11)
 - D2: OLGA SAYANOVA ET AL: 'Expression of a borage desaturase cDNA



INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY International application No. PCT/US99/28589 EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

containing an N-terminal cytochrome b5 domain results in the accumulation of hig levels of Delta6-desaturated fatty acids in transgenic tobacco' PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF USA,US,NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCE. WASHINGTON, vol. 94, 15 April 1997 (1997-04-15), pages 4211-4216, XP002106758 ISSN: 0027-8424 cited in the application

D3: WO 98 45461 A (RHONE POULENC AGROCHIMIE ;LI ZHONGSEN (US); THOMAS TERRY L (US)) 15 October 1998 (1998-10-15)

2) Novelty - Art.33(1) and (2) PCT:

The novelty of **claims 1 and 10 (partially)** cannot be acknowledged in light of D1, D2 and D3, which disclose the polynucleotide and polypeptide sequences of borage delta-6-desaturases. These enzymes are 55.4% identical to SEQ ID NO. 2 over 444 amino acid residues (D1 SEQ ID NO. 4; D3 SEQ ID NO. 2) and 59.8% identical to SEQ ID NO. 2 over 448 amino acid residues (D2 Fig.1), according to the sequence alignment algorithms used by the IPEA.

Claims 3-8 (partially) therefore also lack novelty, as isolated polynucleotides, chimeric genes and transformed isolated host cells are also provided in these documents (D1 page 12 lines 18-19; D1 page 12 line 24 to page 14 line 2; D2 page 4213 Functional Analysis of pBdes6 in Transgenic Tobacco; D3 Examples 9 and 10).

Claims 2 and 12 (partially) appear to be novel in light of the cited prior art. The particular sequences disclosed therein do not appear to be found in the prior art.

Claim 9 (partially) also appears to be novel in light of the cited prior art, as viruses comprising the nucleotides of the claimed invention are not found therein.

The methods of **claims 11, 13 and 16-19 (partially)** lack novelty. D1 discloses the introduction of such polynucleotides into plants and subsequent assays which determine the presence of the polypeptide in comparison to untransformed plants via the identification of the products of the enzyme (D1 page 6 line 16 to page 7 line 25). D2 also discloses such methods (D2 page 4213 Functional Analysis of pBdes6 in

Transgenic Tobacco).

Claims 14 and 15 (partially) also lack novelty. Both D1 and D2 disclose methods for obtaining nucleic acid fragments using amplification (D2 page 4212 PCR-Based Cloning) or hybridisation (D1 page 10 lines 6-12; D2 page 4212 Library Screening and pages 4212-4213 PCR-Based Cloning of Membrane-Bound Desaturases).

The novelty of the above claims could be restored if they were limited to the exact sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NOs. 1 and 2.

3) Inventive Step - Art.33(1) and (3) PCT:

The following comments on inventive step are confined to subject matter which could be acknowledged as being novel, or for which novelty could potentially be restored as outlined supra.

The closest prior art is document D1, which discloses the polypeptide and polynucleotide sequences of borage delta-6-desaturase, vectors and host cells comprising such sequences, methods for selecting cells comprising such polynucleotides and methods for obtaining nucleic acids by hybridisation (D1 SEQ ID NO. 4, page 10 lines 6-12, page 12 lines 18-19, page 12 line 24 to page 14 line 2).

In light of the prior art, the objective technical problem can be regarded as the provision of alternative plant delta-6-desaturase polynucleotide and polypeptide sequences.

The technical problem is solved by the subject matter of claims 2, 9 and 12, which provide Florida bitterbrush delta-6-desaturase sequences, a virus comprising a delta-6-desaturase sequence of claim 1 and a method for selecting a nucleotide from SEQ ID NO. 1 encoding a desaturase.

Claims 2, 9 and 12 (partially) cannot be considered to demonstrate inventive step. SEQ ID NOs. 1 and 2 are merely alternative sequences to those already known in

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY International application No. PCT/US99/28589 EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

the art and do not demonstrate any inventive features. In the absence of any beneficial effect, merely providing a further sequence for a known enzyme cannot be regarded as demonstrating inventive step.

Claims 9 and 12 do not contribute to the teaching in the art and are considered to be trivial.

Even if novelty were to be restored to claims 1, 3-8 and 10-19, it is not possible to see where any inventive step might lie here for the above reasons.

Re Item VII

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Certain defects in the international application

a) Contrary to the requirements of Rule 5.1(a)(ii) PCT, the relevant background art disclosed in the documents D1 and D3 are not mentioned in the description, nor are these documents identified therein.

Re Item VIII

Certain observations on the international application

- a) Claim 8 seeks protection for virus cells. Viruses, however, are not cells.
- b) **Claim 9** lacks support from the description (Articles 5 and 6 PCT). Viruses comprising the isolated polynucleotide of claim 1 are not disclosed therein.
- c) Claims 11, 14 and 15 lack clarity and the scope of the said claims is unclear (Article 6 PCT). All three claims use the term "comprising a nucleotide sequence of at least one of 30 [or 40 in claim 14] contiguous nucleotides". It is unclear whether the claims seek protection for methods employing oligonucleotides of 1-30 [or 40] nucleotides length or something else.
- d) The selection method of claims 11-13 and 16-19 is unclear. It is not clear what is to

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY International application No. PCT/US99/28589 EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

be selected and how it is to be selected. The scope of the said claims is thereby rendered obscure (Article 6 PCT).

- e) Embodiment (c) of **claims 11 and 13** lacks clarity. It is not clear what polypeptide is to be measured (Article 6 PCT).
- f) Claim 14 lacks clarity as it appears that the claim seeks protection for a method of polynucleotide amplification using only one oligonucleotide primer, unless the claim only seeks protection for first-strand synthesis (Article 6 PCT).

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C. DOCUM	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the	e relevant passages		Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 96 21022 A (RHONE POULENC AG 11 July 1996 (1996-07-11) page 1-3			1,3,5-8, 10-17,19
	page 9, line 28 -page 11, line SEQ ID NOS 4, 5	14		
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

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International Application No

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Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropnate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	OLGA SAYANOVA ET AL: "Expression of a borage desaturase cDNA containing an N-terminal cytochrome b5 domain results in the accumulation of hig levels of Delta6-desaturated fatty acids in transgenic tobacco" PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF USA,US,NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCE. WASHINGTON, vol. 94, 15 April 1997 (1997-04-15), pages 4211-4216, XP002106758 ISSN: 0027-8424 cited in the application the whole document	1-8,10, 14,15
X	WO 98 45461 A (RHONE POULENC AGROCHIMIE ;LI ZHONGSEN (US); THOMAS TERRY L (US)) 15 October 1998 (1998-10-15) abstract; claims; examples 2-4,9,10	1,3,5-8, 10
A	SPERLING ET AL: "A sphingolipid desaturase from higher plants. Identification of a new cytochrome b5 fusion protein" JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY,US,AMERICAN SOCIETY OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTS, BALTIMORE, MD, vol. 273, no. 44, 30 October 1998 (1998-10-30), pages 28590-28596, XP002132572 ISSN: 0021-9258 cited in the application	
A	SHEN ET AL.: "Putative cytochrome B5" EMBL SEQUENCE DATABASE, 1 November 1998 (1998-11-01), XP002145279 HEIDELBERG DE Ac 082348 the whole document	10
Ρ,Χ	DELHAIZE ET AL.: "Triticumaestivium S276) (S276) mRNA, complete cds" EMBL SEQUENCE DATABASE, 6 January 1999 (1999-01-06), XP002145280 HEIDELBERG DE Ac AF031194 the whole decument	1
Ρ,Χ	the whole document -& DELHAIZE ET AL.: "S276" EMBL SEQUENCE DATABASE, 1 May 1999 (1999-05-01), XP002145315 HEIDELBERG DE Ac Q9ZTU8 the whole document 	10

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Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	f	Patent family member(s)		Publication date
WO 9621022	A	11-07-1996	US AU BR CA CN EP JP US	561439 70706 467359 951041 220790 117737 080168 1051184 578922	51 B 56 A 51 A 56 A 79 A 50 A 88 T	25-03-1997 01-07-1999 24-07-1996 19-05-1998 11-07-1996 25-03-1998 22-10-1997 17-11-1998 04-08-1998
WO 9845461	A	15-10-1998	US AU BR EP ZA	597743 710719 980796 097392 980304	8 A 9 A 0 A	02-11-1999 30-10-1998 08-03-2000 26-01-2000 05-03-1999

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4. REMINDER					
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	THER ACTION See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
International application No. International fil	ling date (day/month/year) Priority date (day/month/year)
PCT/US99/28589 02/12/1999	03/12/1998
International Palent Classification (IPC) or national classification C12N15/53	on and IPC
Applicant E.I. DU POND DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY et	tal
	as been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority
and is transmitted to the applicant according to Arti	icle 36.
2. This REPORT consists of a total of 9 sheets, include	ding this cover sheet.
This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, been amended and are the basis for this report (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administration)	, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have t and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority istrative instructions under the PCT).
These annexes consist of a total of sheets.	
Lack of unity of invention	d to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; In statement
ate of submission of the demand	Date of completion of this report
6/06/2000	27.03.2001
ime and mailing address of the International eliminary examining authority:	Authorized officer
European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465	Page, M Tel phone No. +49 89 2399 7322

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (January 1994)

International application No. PCT/US99/28589

NR. 2262 S. 3/10

I. Basis of the report

1. This report has been drawn on the basis of (substitute sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not arnexed to the report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17).):

1-30 as originally filed

Claims, No.;

1-19 as originally filed

Drawings, sheets:

1/3-3/3 as originally filed

Sequence listing part of the description, pages:

1-19 (SEQ ID NOs. 1-17), as originally filed

2. With regard to the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.

These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:

- □ the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).
- the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).
- the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3).
- 3. With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:
 - S contained in the international application in written form.
 - iled together with the international application in computer readable form.
 - furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.
 - furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.
 - The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.
 - □ The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished.
- 4. The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (Boxes I-VIII, Sheet 1) (July 1998)

International application No. PCT/US99/28589

- the d scription, pages:
- the claims, Nos.:
- □ the drawings, sheets:
- 5. This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):

(Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.)

- 6. Additional observations, if necessary:
- II. Priority
- 1. D This report has been established as if no priority had been claimed due to the failure to furnish within the prescribed time limit the requested:
 - C copy of the earlier application whose priority has been claimed.
 - translation of the earlier application whose priority has been claimed.
- 2. D This report has been established as if no priority had been claimed due to the fact that the priority claim has been found invalid.

Thus for the purposes of this report, the international filing date indicated above is considered to be the relevant date.

- 3. Additional observations, if necessary: see separate sheet
- IV. Lack of unity of invention
- 1. In response to the invitation to restrict or pay additional fees the applicant has:
 - restricted the claims.
 - paid additional fees.
 - paid additional fees under protest.
 - neither restricted nor paid additional fees.
- 2. This Authority found that the requirement of unity of invention is not complied and chose, according to Rule 68.1, not to invite the applicant to restrict or pay additional fees.
- 3. This Authority considers that the requirement of unity of invention in accordance with Rules 13:1, 13.2 and 13.3 is

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (Boxes I-VIII, Sheet 2) (July 1998)

International application No. PCT/US99/28589

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3. J/10

- C complied with.
- not complied with for the foll wing reasons: see separate sheet
- 4. Consequently, the following parts of the international application were the subject of international preliminary examination in establishing this report:
 - all parts.
 - M the parts relating to claims Nos. 1-19 (all partially).
- V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement
- 1. Statement

Novelty (N)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	2, 9, 12, 14, 15 (ali partially) 1, 3-8, 10, 11, 13, 16-19 (all partially)
Inventive step (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-19 (all partially)
Industrial applicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-19 (ali partially)

2. Citations and explanations see separate sheet

VII. Certain defects in the international application

The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted: see separate sheet

VIII, Certain observations on the International application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made: see separate sheat

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (Boxes I-VIII, Sheet 3) (July 1998)

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY

International application No. PCT/US99/28589 **EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET**

The application concerns the provision of polynucleotide and polypeptide sequ nces corresponding to plant (Florida bitterbush) delta-6- or sphingolipid-desaturase. One of the principle products of this enzyme, gamma-linoleic acid, is reported to have pharmaceutical properties.

Re Item II Priority

The priority document available to the IPEA at the time of examination only discloses 2 polypeptide sequences (SEQ ID NOs. 4 and 5 of the priority document, the former corresponding to SEQ ID NO. 2 of the present application), but no polynucleotide sequences, although reference is made to such in the document. For now, it has been assumed that priority is valid as claimed.

Re Item IV

Lack of Unity of Invention

The applicant has not responded to the invitation to pay additional fees or restrict the claims. Examination of novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability has therefore been restricted to Invention 1) as described in the Invitation, i.e. claims 1-19 (partially), corresponding to isolated polynucleotide and polypeptide sequences encoding delta-6/sphingolipid desaturase and their selection and uses where the sequences are SEQ ID NOs. 1 and 2.

R Item V

Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Reference is made to the following documents: 1)

- D1: WO 96 21022 A (RHONE POULENC AGROCHIMIE) 11 July 1996 (1996-07-11)
- D2: OLGA SAYANOVA ET AL: 'Expression of a borage desaturase cDNA

Form PCT/Separate Sheet/409 (Sheet 1) (EPO-April 1997)

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY Inte EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

International application No. PCT/US99/28589 SHEET

containing an N-terminal cytochrome b5 domain results in the accumulation of hig levels of Delta6-desaturat d fatty acids in transgenic tobacco' PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF USA,US,NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCE. WASHINGTON, vol. 94, 15 April 1997 (1997-04-15), pages 4211-4216, XP002106758 ISSN: 0027-8424 cited in the application

D3: WO 98 45461 A (RHONE POULENC AGROCHIMIE ;LI ZHONGSEN (US); THOMAS TERRY L (US)) 15 October 1998 (1998-10-15)

2) Novelty - Art.33(1) and (2) PCT:

The novelty of **claims 1 and 10 (partially)** cannot be acknowledged in light of D1, D2 and D3, which disclose the polynucleotide and polypeptide sequences of borage delta-6-desaturases. These enzymes are 55.4% identical to SEQ ID NO. 2 over 444 amino acid residues (D1 SEQ ID NO. 4; D3 SEQ ID NO. 2) and 59.8% identical to SEQ ID NO. 2 over 448 amino acid residues (D2 Fig.1), according to the sequence alignment algorithms used by the IPEA.

Claims 3-8 (partially) therefore also lack novelty, as isolated polynucleotides, chimeric genes and transformed isolated host cells are also provided in these documents (D1 page 12 lines 18-19; D1 page 12 line 24 to page 14 line 2; D2 page 4213 Functional Analysis of pBdes6 in Transgenic Tobacco; D3 Examples 9 and 10).

Claims 2 and 12 (partially) appear to be novel in light of the cited prior art. The particular sequences disclosed therein do not appear to be found in the prior art.

Claim 9 (partially) also appears to be novel in light of the cited prior art, as viruses comprising the nucleotides of the claimed invention are not found therein.

The methods of claims 11, 13 and 16-19 (partially) lack novelty. D1 discloses the introduction of such polynucleotides into plants and subsequent assays which determine the presence of the polypeptide in comparison to untransformed plants via the identification of the products of the enzyme (D1 page 6 line 16 to page 7 line 25). D2 also discloses such methods (D2 page 4213 Functional Analysis of pBdes6 in

Form PCT/Separate Sheet/409 (Sheet 2) (EPO-April 1997)

Transgenic Tobacco).

Claims 14 and 15 (partially) also lack novelty. Both D1 and D2 disclose methods for obtaining nucleic acid fragments using amplification (D2 page 4212 PCR-Based Cloning) or hybridisation (D1 page 10 lines 6-12; D2 page 4212 Library Screening and pages 4212-4213 PCR-Based Cloning of Membrane-Bound Desaturases).

The novelty of the above claims could be restored if they were limited to the exact sequences as set forth in SEQ ID NOs. 1 and 2.

3) Inventive Step - Art.33(1) and (3) PCT:

The following comments on inventive step are confined to subject matter which could be acknowledged as being novel, or for which novelty could potentially be restored as outlined supra.

The closest prior art is document D1, which discloses the polypeptide and polynucleotide sequences of borage delta-6-desaturase, vectors and host cells comprising such sequences, methods for selecting cells comprising such polynucleotides and methods for obtaining nucleic acids by hybridisation (D1 SEQ ID NO. 4, page 10 lines 6-12, page 12 lines 18-19, page 12 line 24 to page 14 line 2).

In light of the prior art, the objective technical problem can be regarded as the provision of alternative plant delta-6-desaturase polynucleotide and polypeptide sequences.

The technical problem is solved by the subject matter of claims 2, 9 and 12, which provide Florida bitterbrush delta-6-desaturase sequences, a virus comprising a delta-6-desaturase sequence of claim 1 and a method for selecting a nucleotide from SEQ ID NO. 1 encoding a desaturase.

Claims 2, 9 and 12 (partially) cannot be considered to demonstrate inventive step. SEQ ID NOs. 1 and 2 are merely alternative sequences to those already known in

Form PCT/Separate Sneet/409 (Sheet 3) (EPO-April 1997)

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY Inte EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

International application No. PCT/US99/28589

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the art and do not d monstrate any inv ntive features. In the absence of any beneficial effect, merely providing a further sequence for a known enzyme cannot be regarded as demonstrating inventive step.

Claims 9 and 12 do not contribute to the teaching in the art and are considered to be trivial.

Even if novelty were to be restored to claims 1, 3-8 and 10-19, it is not possible to see where any inventive step might lie here for the above reasons.

<u>Re Item VII</u>

Certain defects in the international application

a) Contrary to the requirements of Rule 5.1(a)(ii) PCT, the relevant background art disclosed in the documents D1 and D3 are not mentioned in the description, nor are these documents identified therein.

Re Item VIII

Certain observations on the international application

- a) Claim 8 seeks protection for virus cells. Viruses, however, are not cells.
- b) Claim 9 lacks support from the description (Articles 5 and 6 PCT). Viruses comprising the isolated polynucleotide of claim 1 are not disclosed therein.
- c) Claims 11, 14 and 15 lack clarity and the scope of the said claims is unclear (Article 6 PCT). All three claims use the term "comprising a nucleotide sequence of at least one of 30 [or 40 in claim 14] contiguous nucleotides". It is unclear whether the claims seek protection for methods employing oligonucleotides of 1-30 [or 40] nucleotides length or something else.
- d) The selection method of claims 11-13 and 16-19 is unclear. It is not clear what is to

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY inte EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

International application No. PCT/US99/28589

be selected and how it is to b selected. The scope of the said claims is thereby rendered obscure (Article 6 PCT).

- e) Embodiment (c) of claims 11 and 13 lacks clarity. It is not clear what polypeptide is to be measured (Article 6 PCT).
- f) Claim 14 lacks clarity as it appears that the claim seeks protection for a method of polynucleotide amplification using only one oligonucleotide primer, unless the claim only seeks protection for first-strand synthesis (Article 6 PCT).

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INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁷ : C12N 15/53, 9/02, 5/10, G01N 33/50,	A2	(11) International Publication Number: WO 00/32790			
C12Q 1/68		(43) International Publication Date: 8 June 2000 (08.06.00)			
 C12Q 1/68 C12Q 1/68 C12Q 1/68 Priority Data: 60/110,784 C2 December 1999 (02.12.99) Priority Data: 60/110,784 C2 December 1998 (03.12.98) US Applicant (for all designated States except US): E.I. DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY [US/US]; 1007 Market Street, Wilmington, DE 19898 (US). Inventors; and Inventors/Applicants (for US only): CAHOON, Edgar, B. [US/US]; 2331 West 18th Street, Wilmington, DE 19806 (US). CAHOON, Rebecca, E. [US/US]; 2331 West 18th Street, Wilmington, DE 19806 (US). HITZ, William, D. [US/US]; 404 Hillside Road, Wilmington, DE 19807 (US). KINNEY, Anthony, J. [GB/US]; 609 Lore Avenue, Wilm- ington, DE 19809 (US). Agent: FEULNER, Gregory, J.; E.I. Du Pont De Nemours and Company, Legal Patent Records Center, 1007 Market Street, Wilmington, DE 19898 (US). 		 (81) Designated States: AE, AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DM, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, SL, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report. 			
(54) Title: MEMBRANE-BOUND DESATURASES					
(57) Abstract		biccerbush_[SIM_2] NEEPK			
This invention relates to an isolated nucleic acid f encoding a delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid desaturase invention also relates to the construction of a chimeric gene e all or a portion of the delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid des in sense or antisense orientation, wherein expression of the c gene results in production of altered levels of the delta-6 de or sphingolipid desaturase in a transformed host cell.	e. The concodine saturase chimeri	eorysean [s11 e] NRVISTEELACONEXCOUNT IS IGG/KYNEVEDW boraen [s12 e] NRVISTEELACONEXCOUNT IS IGG/KYNEVEDW cora [s12 b] NRVISTEELACONEXCOUNT IS IGG/KYNEVEDW cora [s12 b] NRVISTEELACONEXCOUNT IS IGG/KYNEVEDW wheat [s11 b] N			

bitterbush [SIN_2]	TREHPGGELPLLS FAGODUT DAFI AYKPGTANOYLDR FTGYYVQDYSV&LKSKDYRRLV
soybean_[SIN_8]	VKENPGCOVPISHLAGOOVTDAFIAYHPGTANSHLEKFFTGYHLSOFKVSEVSKOYRKLA
borage_[gi_2062403)	VEDHPGGSFPLESLAGGEVTDAFVAJRPASTERNLERFFTGYYLEDYSVSEVSEDYRELV
corn_(SIM_4)	LPHIIPGCOLPLLTLAGODATDAPAAYIIPPSARPLLRR/FVG-RISDYAVSPASADYRRIL
wheet_(51H_10)	LREHPGGEVPLITLAGODATDAFNAYHPPSVRPLLRRFFVG-RLSDYTVPPASADFRRLL
wheat_{g1_6104056}	LAUMPCGEVPLITLAGODATDAFMAYMPPSVAPLLARTFVG-RLTDYTVPPASADFARLL
soybean_(SIN_6)	FSTSHRLEDHTVSAASSDYRKLF
sunflower_[g1_1040729]	AKERPGGDAPLINLAGQOVTDAFIAFNPGTANKHLOKLFTGYHLKDYOVSDISRDYRKLA
bitterbush_[SIM_2]	SEFSKAGLERT PORGVYCE I FEVEVLEALSVYGVLYCRSTNANLCBOLLMONLALOSGAV
soybean_(SIN 8)	STISKLGLFOTKGHVTSCTLASVAVMFLIVLYGVLRCTSVWARLG3GNLLGLLMNOSAYV
borege [g1 2062403]	FEFERRELYORKENINFATLEFIAMLFANSVIGVLFCEGVLVKLFSGELNGFLMIQSGWI
corn_[\$IN_4]	AOLESAGLFERVGFTFKVQLVLMAVLFYAALYLVLACABAYAHLLAGGLIGFVWIQSGHN
ubeat(SIN_10)	AQLSSAGLFERVGHTPKFLLVAMEVLFCIALYCVLACSSTGAINTAGGLIGFIWIQSGWI
wheat_(g1_4104056)	AQLEBAGLFERVGHTPKFLLVAMSVLFCIALYCVLACSSTGARHFAGGLIGFINIQSGNT
soybean [SIN_6]	SOLSALHLFWARGHTTSILLSLILTLFPLSVCGVLFSOSTFVHVLSAALIGFLWIGSGWI
sunflower [g] 1040729]	SEFAKACHPEKKGHOVIYSLCFVBLLLBACVYGVLYSGSFWIHHLSGAILGLAMMQIAYL
bitterbush (SIN 2)	
	GROSCHYQVNPRIRKLWRLFQI IAGHVIAGVSVANVKLDHNTHHFACHSANLOPDIGHLPI
soybean_(SIN_8)	CEDSCRYVVWTTNGTNKVAQILBGNCLTGIBIANNOFENAERIACHSLDHDPDLOHMPV
borege_[g1_2062403]	Gerageyeves derlekfrg I Franciscis i Gregorineair I achs Leydydloy I PT
COIN_(\$18_4)	GEDSCHERITCHPVLDRVVDVLSCHCLTGLSIAMENCHMINIACHSLDRDPDLOHNPL
wheat_[218_10]	GHOSCHROITANPALMALLOVVBGHCLTGLGIANWKFNHNTNHISCHSLONDPDLQHLPL
wheat_[g1_4104056)	GHOSGHRQITRNPALMRLLQVVBGHCLTGLGIAMWKYMHHTMHISCHSLOKOPDLQHLPL
soybean_{811_6}	GROSGRYNVNLSRRLARAIGILSGNILAGISIGNWKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKKK
sunflower_[gi_1040729]	CHORGHYORKATRGWHKFAGIFIGHCITGISIAMWKWTHNAHHIACHSLOYDPOLOHLPH
bitterbush [SIN_3]	IAISPRFYNSLTSYYNNCHNTYDRAARFFYSFGNYTFYPALLSVRLYLFILSFNYFSHN
soybean (SIN 8)	FAVSSRFFMSITSHFYGRKLEFOFIARFLICYCUPTFYPWCVARVULTLOTILLLF3R-
borage_[g1_2062403)	LVVBBKFFGBLTSKFYEKRLTFDBLBRFFVBYGRWTFYPINCAARLENYVGBLINLLTK-
COIN_[8]M_8]	FAVSPELIGHIWSYFYORTLAFORASEFF1SYGHWTFYPWICIARIELLAGSALFVLTE-
wheat_ SIN_10)	FAVETELFINLWSVCYERTLAFDAISEFFVSYONWTFYPVNGFARINLLVOSIVFLITO-
wheat_[g1_6106056]	FAVETKLENKLESVCYERTLAFDAISKFFVSYQRWTFYFVMGFARIKLLVQSIVFLITQ-
soybean_(SIN_6)	FAVESRFFNSITERXYGRAXEFOXIAXFLICYORFTFYFVNCVARVALYLQTILLLF8R-
sunflower_[gi_1040729]	LAVSEXLENSITSVEYGROLTFOPLARFFVEYGNYLYYPINCVARVNLYLGTILLLISK-
bitterbush_[\$IN_2]	KRVYKRSQEILGYAAFLTWYSLLLSRLPWYPERVNYFFSCLAVAGFQUNQFSLMHFASMV
soybean_[SIN_8)	REVODRALNINGILV FWTWFPLLVSCLPHWPERVNFVLASFAVCSIGNIGFCLMNFAANV
borege_[e1_2062403]	REVSYRAHELLGCLVFSIWYPLLVSCLPHNGERINFVIASLSVTGHQQVQFSLHHFSASV
COSA_[SIH_4]	KRYPORLLE IAGVAT FWAWYPLLVASLPHINERVAFVLFSFTICGIONVOFCLMMF18DV
wheat [SIN_10]	KKVRORWLEIAGVAA FWVWYPLLVSCLPWWWERVAFVLABFVITGIONVOFCLMHFBSAV
wheat_[gi_4104056]	KKYRORNLEIAGVAATWYNYPLLVSCLPHINERVATVLASTVITOIQHYOFCLHHTSSAV
soybean_[SIN_6]	XXVQORALNINGILVTWTNFLFLLALLFVPIQNIQFNLNXLAENL
sunflower_[gi_1040729]	REIFORGLAILGTLIFWTWFFLLVSRLPWWFERVAFVLVSFCVTGIGRIGFTLICKFSGDV
bitterbush_(8IW_2)	TTGLPSGNDWPRQQTKGTL#ITASAWNOWPRGGL#FQIEMHLFPRMPKC#FRKISPIVNK
soxpesu"(21%"8)	YVGPPSGNOWFEROTSGTLOISCASSNOWFFGGLQFQLENNLFFRLFRCQLARISPLVSD
borage_[g1_2062403]	YVGRPHCHOM FEROTDOTLOISCPPHNDWFROOLOFOIENHLFPKHPRCHLRKISPYVIE
COID_[\$IN_4]	yvgpprendn pergtagtlot LCS prnon freglotot enkl pprlprchlarva pavrd
wheat_(SIN_10)	YVGPPKGNDWFERQTAGTLDI KCSPWHOWFNGGLQPQVEHHLFPRLPRCHYRNVAP I VRD
wheel[[g]_4104056]	YVGPPEGNONFEROTAGTLOI ECSPHINDWFNGGLOFOVENELFFRLPRCHYBNVAPIVRD
soybean_(SIN_6)	YXG====================================
sunflows:_[gi_1040729)	YVGPPRODMWYRKOTRGTIDIACSSWNDWFFOOLOFOLENNLFPRLPRCHLRSISPICRE
Ditterbush_[31H_2]	LCORNELSYETATIONEAJIONYSTLRAVANEARDYTK-PVPROHVMEANNTFG
soybean_[SIN_B]	LCKKKKLPYRSLSFWEANOWT IRTLETAALQARDLTN- PAPKHLIMEAVHTRG
borage_[g1_2062403]	LCENHILPYNYASFSKANENTLETLENTALOARDITK-PLPKHLWEALNTNG
corn_(81#_4)	LCKINGLTYSAATFWGANVLTWITLRAAALQARTATBGGAPKHLVHEAVHTRG
wheet_[SIM_10]	LCKKNGLSYGAATENZANVNTWRTLRAAALQAREATTGAAPKYLWICALINTRG
wheat_1g1_41040561	LCHRIGLEYGRATINEADWITHETLERARALOAREATTGRAPKILVIERLIITHG
sunflower_[91_1040729]	
	LCKKYKLFYVELSFYDANVTTLKTLRTRALGARDLTH-PAPOKLANEAPHTHG

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<u>TITLE</u>

MEMBRANE-BOUND DESATURASES

This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/110,784 filed December 3, 1998.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention is in the field of plant molecular biology. More specifically, this invention pertains to nucleic acid fragments encoding delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid desaturase in plants and seeds.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

- 10 Polyunsaturated fatty acids are of major importance in animal health as they have roles in the maintenance of membrane structure and function, in the regulation of cholesterol synthesis and transport, in the prevention of water loss from the skin, and as precursors of eicosanoids, including prostaglandins and leucotrienes. In animals, members of this class of fatty acids are synthesized from the essential fatty acid linoleic acid (C18:2 $\Delta^{9,12}$), the first
- 15 step being the desaturation to gamma-linolenic acid (GLA; C18:3 Δ^{6,9,12}) catalyzed by delta-6 desaturase. Clinical trials have shown that dietary supplementation of GLA may be effective in treating a number of ailments (e.g., atopic eczema, mastalgia, diabetic neuropathy, viral infections, and some types of cancer) (Jiang et al. (1998) Crit. Rev. Oncol. Hematol. 27:179-209; Kruger, and Horrobin (1997) Prog. Lipid Res. 36:131-51). Oils
- 20

containing GLA are therefore widely used as a general health supplement and have been registered for pharmaceutical use.

In the plant kingdom, GLA is an uncommon fatty acid. Major commercial sources of GLA are evening primroses (*Oenothera* spp.), in which GLA accounts for about 8 to 10% of the seed oil, and borage (starflower; *Borago officinalis*) wherein seeds contain some 20 to

- 25 25% GLA. These plants, however, suffer from poor agronomic performance and low yield. There is therefore considerable interest in increasing the GLA content of existing crops and in producing GLA in a conventional oil crop. Expression of a cDNA encoding the delta-6 fatty acid desaturase from developing seeds of borage in transgenic tobacco plants resulted in accumulation of GLA and octadecatetraenoic acid (C18:4 $\Delta^{6,9,12,15}$) to levels of 13.2%
- 30 and 9.6% of the total fatty acids, respectively. The borage delta-6 fatty acid desaturase differs from other previously characterized higher plant desaturase enzymes by the presence of an N-terminal domain related to cytochrome b5 (Sayanova et al. (1997) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 94*:4211-4216). This desaturase does not appear to have an N-terminal cleavable endoplasmic reticulum-targeting signal, but the hydrophobic regions present in the protein
- 35 would be sufficient to allow it to associate with the endomembrane system. A tripartite motif containing eight conserved histidines has been identified in almost all membrane desaturases (HX₍₃₋₄₎HX₍₇₋₄₁₎HX₍₂₋₃₎HHX₍₆₁₋₁₈₉₎HX₍₂₋₃₎HH). In Anabaena and borage delta-6 desaturase a glutamine residue replaces the first histidine of the third element.

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Membrane and reserve lipids of plants contain fatty acids with different degrees of unsaturation which are controlled by different desaturase enzymes. A cDNA isolated from ripening sunflower embryos encodes a protein with the conserved three histidine domains characteristic of membrane-bound desaturases. This cDNA also encodes a fusion protein composed of an N-terminal cytochrome b5 and a domain similar to membrane-bound acyl lipid desaturases (Sperling et al. (1995) *Eur. J. Biochem. 232*:798-805). Expression of homologous cDNAs from *Brassica napus* and *Arabidopsis thaliana* in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* results in significant proportions of new $\Delta^{8,9}$ -cis/trans-phytosphingenines that accompany the residual C₁₈-phytosphinganine predominating in wild-type yeast cells.

10 These genes encode new members of the cytochrome b5 superfamily which function as a stereounselective sphingolipid desaturase and show trans-activity (Sperling et al. (1998) J. Biol. Chem. 273: 28590-28596).

The enzymes encoded by the picramnia cDNAs included in this application possibly catalyze the formation of a triple bond since picramnia seeds accumulate large amounts of

- 15 tariric acid (18:1 delta-6-acetylenic), an unusual fatty acid that has a triple bond (or acetylenic bond) at the delta-6 carbon. Tariric acid has many of the same industrial uses ascribed to petroselenic acid, thus these cDNAs should be useful in the production of novel fatty acids in the seed oils of transgenic plants. Although with similarities to the delta-6 desaturase, the enzymes encoded by the corn, soybean, and wheat sequences described
- 20 herein are sphingolipid desaturases since these plants do not produce delta 6 double bonds like picramnia and borage.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to isolated polynucleotides comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a first polypeptide of at least 60 amino acids that has at least 55% identity based on the Clustal method of alignment when compared to a Florida bitterbush delta-6 desaturase polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:2, and an isolated polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a first polypeptide of at least 114 amino acids that has at least 80% identity based on the Clustal method of alignment when compared to a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of a corn sphingolipid desaturase polypeptide of SEQ ID

30 NO:4, a soybean sphingolipid desaturase polypeptide of SEQ ID NOs:6 and 8, a wheat sphingolipid desaturase polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:10 and SEQ ID NO:17. The present invention also relates to an isolated polynucleotide comprising the complement of the nucleotide sequences described above.

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It is preferred that the isolated polynucleotides of the claimed invention consists of a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:1, 3, 5, 7, and 16, that codes for the polypeptide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:2, 4, 6, 8, and 17. The present invention also relates to an isolated polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequences of at least one of 60 (preferably at least one of 40, most preferably at

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¹least one of 30) contiguous nucleotides derived from a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:1, 3, 5, 7, and 16, and the complement of such nucleotide sequences.

The present invention relates to a chimeric gene comprising an isolated polynucleotide of the present invention operably linked to suitable regulatory sequences.

The present invention relates to an isolated host cell comprising a chimeric gene of the present invention or an isolated polynucleotide of the present invention. The host cell may be eukaryotic, such as a yeast or a plant cell, or prokaryotic, such as a bacterial cell. The present invention also relates to a virus, preferably a baculovirus, comprising an isolated polynucleotide of the present invention or a chimeric gene of the present invention.

The present invention relates to a process for producing an isolated host cell comprising a chimeric gene of the present invention or an isolated polynucleotide of the present invention, the process comprising either transforming or transfecting an isolated compatible host cell with a chimeric gene or isolated polynucleotide of the present invention.

15 The present invention relates to a delta-6 desaturase polypeptide of at least 60 amino acids comprising at least 55% homology based on the Clustal method of alignment compared to the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:2, or a sphingolipid desaturase polypeptide of at least 114 amino acids comprising at least 80% homology based on the Clustal method of alignment compared to a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:4,
20 6 8 and 17

20 6, 8, and 17.

The present invention relates to a method of selecting an isolated polynucleotide that affects the level of expression of a delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid desaturase polypeptide in a host cell, preferably a plant cell, the method comprising the steps of:

(a) constructing an isolated polynucleotide of the present invention or an isolatedchimeric gene of the present invention;

(b) introducing the isolated polynucleotide or the isolated chimeric gene into a host cell;

(c) measuring the level a delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid desaturase polypeptide in the plant cell containing the isolated polynucleotide; and

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(d) comparing the level of a delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid desaturase polypeptide in the host cell containing the isolated polynucleotide with the level of a delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid desaturase polypeptide in a host cell that does not contain the isolated polynucleotide.

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The present invention relates to a method of obtaining a nucleic acid fragment encoding a substantial portion of a delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid desaturase polypeptide gene, preferably a plant delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid desaturase polypeptide gene, comprising the steps of: synthesizing an oligonucleotide primer comprising a nucleotide sequence of at least one of 40 (preferably at least one of 30) contiguous nucleotides derived

from a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:1, 3, 5, 7, and 16, and the complement of such nucleotide sequences; and amplifying a nucleic acid fragment (preferably a cDNA inserted in a cloning vector) using the oligonucleotide primer. The amplified nucleic acid fragment preferably will encode a portion of a delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid desaturase amino acid sequence.

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The present invention also relates to a method of obtaining a nucleic acid fragment encoding all or a substantial portion of the amino acid sequence encoding a delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid desaturase polypeptide comprising the steps of: probing a cDNA or genomic library with an isolated polynucleotide of the present invention; identifying a

10 DNA clone that hybridizes with an isolated polynucleotide of the present invention; isolating the identified DNA clone; and sequencing the cDNA or genomic fragment that comprises the isolated DNA clone.

The present invention also relates to a method for positive selection of a transformed cell comprising:

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(a) transforming a host cell with the chimeric gene of the present invention; and(b) growing the transformed host cell under conditions suitable for the

expression of the chimeric gene allowing expression of the polynucleotide in an amount to alter the concentration of fatty acids with delta-6 double bonds in the host cell to provide a positive selection means.

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The present invention also relates to the method of the present invention wherein the host cell is selected from the group consisting of plant cells and procaryotes.

The present invention also relates to the method of the present invention wherein levels of tariric acid are altered.

The present invention also relates to a method for positive selection of a transformed cell comprising:

(a) transforming a plant cell with the chimeric gene of the present invention; and

(b) growing a plant from the transformed plant cell of step (a) allowing expression of the polynucleotide in an amount to alter the concentration of fatty acids with delta-6 double bonds in the seeds of the plant to provide a positive selection means.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE

DRAWINGS AND SEQUENCE DESCRIPTIONS

The invention can be more fully understood from the following detailed description and the accompanying drawings and Sequence Listing which form a part of this application.

Figure 1 shows a comparison of the amino acid sequences of the Florida bitterbush delta-6 desaturase from clone pps.pk0011.d5:fis (SEQ ID NO:2, denoted [SIN 2]), the soybean sphingolipid desaturase from clone ssl.pk0017.b4:fis (SEQ ID NO:8, denoted [SIN 8], the borage delta-6 desaturase having NCBI General Identification No. 2062403 (SEQ ID NO:11), corn sphingolipid desaturase from clone cde1c.pk001.o8:fis (SEQ ID

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NO:4, denoted [SIN 4]), wheat sphingolipid desaturase from clone wre1.pk0004.c7:fis (SEQ ID NO:10, denoted [SIN 10],) wheat delta-6 desaturase-like protein having NCBI General Identifier No. 4104056 (SEQ ID NO:12), soybean sphingolipid desaturase from the contig assembled of clones sfl1.pk0012.c5 and sfl1.pk0031.d11 (SEQ ID NO:6, denoted [SIN 6]), and sunflower having NCBI General Identifier No. 1040729 (SEQ ID NO:13).

Table 1 lists the polypeptides that are described herein, the designation of the cDNA clones that comprise the nucleic acid fragments encoding polypeptides representing all or a substantial portion of these polypeptides, and the corresponding identifier (SEQ ID NO:) as used in the attached Sequence Listing. The sequence descriptions and Sequence Listing attached hereto comply with the rules governing nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence

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	<u>IABLE I</u>				
Delta-6 Des	aturase or Sphingolipid D	esaturase			
		SEQ	SEQ ID NO:		
Delta-6 Fatty Acid Desaturase	Clone Designation	(Nucleotide)	(Amino Acid)		
Bitterbush-Fl. [Picramnia pentandra]	pps.pk0011.d5:fis	1	2		
		SEQ ID NO:			
Sphingolipid Desaturase	Clone Designation	(Nucleotide)	(Amino Acid)		
Corn [Zea mays]	cde1c.pk001.o8:fis	3	4		
Soybean [Glycine max]	Contig of: sfl1.pk0012.c5 sfl1.pk0031.d11	5	6		
Soybean [Glycine max]	ssl.pk0017.b4:fis	7	8		
Wheat [Triticum aestivum]	wre1.pk0004.c7:fis	9	10		
Wheat [Triticum aestivum]	wre1.pk0004.c7	16	17		

<u>TABLE 1</u>

disclosures in patent applications as set forth in 37 C.F.R. §1.821-1.825.

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The Sequence Listing contains the one letter code for nucleotide sequence characters and the three letter codes for amino acids as defined in conformity with the IUPAC-IUBMB standards described in *Nucleic Acids Res.* 13:3021-3030 (1985) and in the *Biochemical J.* 219 (No. 2):345-373 (1984) which are herein incorporated by reference. The symbols and format used for nucleotide and amino acid sequence data comply with the rules set forth in 37 C.F.R. §1.822.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

In the context of this disclosure, a number of terms shall be utilized. As used herein, a "polynucleotide" is a nucleotide sequence such as a nucleic acid fragment. A polynucleotide may be a polymer of RNA or DNA that is single- or double-stranded, that optionally contains synthetic, non-natural or altered nucleotide bases. A polynucleotide in the form of

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a polymer of DNA may be comprised of one or more segments of cDNA, genomic DNA, synthetic DNA, or mixtures thereof. An isolated polynucleotide of the present invention may include at least one of 60 contiguous nucleotides, preferably at least one of 40 contiguous nucleotides, most preferably one of at least 30 contiguous nucleotides, of the nucleic acid sequence of the SEQ ID NOs:1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 16, or the complement of such sequences.

As used herein, "contig" refers to a nucleotide sequence that is assembled from two or more constituent nucleotide sequences that share common or overlapping regions of sequence homology. For example, the nucleotide sequences of two or more nucleic acid

10 fragments can be compared and aligned in order to identify common or overlapping sequences. Where common or overlapping sequences exist between two or more nucleic acid fragments, the sequences (and thus their corresponding nucleic acid fragments) can be assembled into a single contiguous nucleotide sequence.

As used herein, "substantially similar" refers to nucleic acid fragments wherein 15 changes in one or more nucleotide bases results in substitution of one or more amino acids, but do not affect the functional properties of the polypeptide encoded by the nucleotide sequence. "Substantially similar" also refers to nucleic acid fragments wherein changes in one or more nucleotide bases does not affect the ability of the nucleic acid fragment to mediate alteration of gene expression by gene silencing through for example antisense or co-

- 20 suppression technology. "Substantially similar" also refers to modifications of the nucleic acid fragments of the instant invention such as deletion or insertion of one or more nucleotides that do not substantially affect the functional properties of the resulting transcript vis-à-vis the ability to mediate gene silencing or alteration of the functional properties of the resulting protein molecule. It is therefore understood that the invention
- 25 encompasses more than the specific exemplary nucleotide or amino acid sequences and includes functional equivalents thereof.

Substantially similar nucleic acid fragments may be selected by screening nucleic acid fragments representing subfragments or modifications of the nucleic acid fragments of the instant invention, wherein one or more nucleotides are substituted, deleted and/or inserted,

- 30 for their ability to affect the level of the polypeptide encoded by the unmodified nucleic acid fragment in a plant or plant cell. For example, a substantially similar nucleic acid fragment representing at least one of 30 contiguous nucleotides derived from the instant nucleic acid fragment can be constructed and introduced into a plant or plant cell. The level of the polypeptide encoded by the unmodified nucleic acid fragment present in a plant or plant cell
- 35 exposed to the substantially similar nucleic fragment can then be compared to the level of the polypeptide in a plant or plant cell that is not exposed to the substantially similar nucleic acid fragment.

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For example, it is well known in the art that antisense suppression and co-suppression of gene expression may be accomplished using nucleic acid fragments representing less than the entire coding region of a gene, and by nucleic acid fragments that do not share 100% sequence identity with the gene to be suppressed. Moreover, alterations in a nucleic acid fragment which result in the production of a chemically equivalent amino acid at a given site, but do not effect the functional properties of the encoded polypeptide, are well known in the art. Thus, a codon for the amino acid alanine, a hydrophobic amino acid, may be substituted by a codon encoding another less hydrophobic residue, such as glycine, or a more hydrophobic residue, such as valine, leucine, or isoleucine. Similarly, changes which result in substitution of one negatively charged residue for another, such as aspartic acid for

10 glutamic acid, or one positively charged residue for another, such as lysine for arginine, can also be expected to produce a functionally equivalent product. Nucleotide changes which result in alteration of the N-terminal and C-terminal portions of the polypeptide molecule would also not be expected to alter the activity of the polypeptide. Each of the proposed

15 modifications is well within the routine skill in the art, as is determination of retention of biological activity of the encoded products. Consequently, an isolated polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence of at least one of 60 (preferably at least one of 40, most preferably at least one of 30) contiguous nucleotides derived from a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:1, 3, 5, 7, and 16, and the complement of

20 such nucleotide sequences may be used in methods of selecting an isolated polynucleotide that affects the expression of a polypeptide such as a delta-6 fatty acid desaturase and/or a sphingolipid desaturase in a host cell. A method of selecting an isolated polynucleotide that affects the level of expression of a polypeptide in a host cell (eukaryotic, such as plant or yeast, prokaryotic such as bacterial, or viral) may comprise the steps of: constructing an

25 isolated polynucleotide of the present invention or an isolated chimeric gene of the present invention; introducing the isolated polynucleotide or the isolated chimeric gene into a host cell; measuring the level a polypeptide in the host cell containing the isolated

polynucleotide; and comparing the level of a polypeptide in the host cell containing the isolated polynucleotide with the level of a polypeptide in a host cell that does not contain the isolated polynucleotide.

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Moreover, substantially similar nucleic acid fragments may also be characterized by their ability to hybridize. Estimates of such homology are provided by either DNA-DNA or DNA-RNA hybridization under conditions of stringency as is well understood by those skilled in the art (Hames and Higgins, Eds. (1985) Nucleic Acid Hybridisation, IRL Press,

35 Oxford, U.K.). Stringency conditions can be adjusted to screen for moderately similar fragments, such as homologous sequences from distantly related organisms, to highly similar fragments, such as genes that duplicate functional enzymes from closely related organisms. Post-hybridization washes determine stringency conditions. One set of preferred conditions

uses a series of washes starting with 6X SSC, 0.5% SDS at room temperature for 15 min, then repeated with 2X SSC, 0.5% SDS at 45°C for 30 min, and then repeated twice with 0.2X SSC, 0.5% SDS at 50°C for 30 min. A more preferred set of stringent conditions uses higher temperatures in which the washes are identical to those above except for the temperature of the final two 30 min washes in 0.2X SSC, 0.5% SDS was increased to 60°C. Another preferred set of highly stringent conditions uses two final washes in 0.1X SSC, 0.1% SDS at 65°C.

Substantially similar nucleic acid fragments of the instant invention may also be

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characterized by the percent identity of the amino acid sequences that they encode to the amino acid sequences disclosed herein, as determined by algorithms commonly employed by those skilled in this art. Suitable nucleic acid fragments (isolated polynucleotides of the present invention) encode polypeptides that are at least about 70% identical, preferably at least about 80% identical to the amino acid sequences reported herein. Preferred nucleic acid fragments encode amino acid sequences that are at least about 85% identical to the

15 amino acid sequences reported herein. More preferred nucleic acid fragments encode amino acid sequences that are at least about 90% identical to the amino acid sequences reported herein. Most preferred are nucleic acid fragments that encode amino acid sequences that are at least about 95% identical to the amino acid sequences reported herein. Suitable nucleic acid fragments not only have the above homologies but typically encode a polypeptide

20 having at least about 50 amino acids, preferably at least about 100 amino acids, more preferably at least about 150 amino acids, still more preferably at least about 200 amino acids, and most preferably at least about 250 amino acids. Sequence alignments and percent identity calculations were performed using the Megalign program of the LASERGENE bioinformatics computing suite (DNASTAR Inc., Madison, WI). Multiple alignment of the

sequences was performed using the Clustal method of alignment (Higgins and Sharp (1989)
 CABIOS. 5:151-153) with the default parameters (GAP PENALTY=10, GAP LENGTH
 PENALTY=10). Default parameters for pairwise alignments using the Clustal method were
 KTUPLE 1, GAP PENALTY=3, WINDOW=5 and DIAGONALS SAVED=5.

A "substantial portion" of an amino acid or nucleotide sequence comprises an amino acid or a nucleotide sequence that is sufficient to afford putative identification of the protein or gene that the amino acid or nucleotide sequence comprises. Amino acid and nucleotide sequences can be evaluated either manually by one skilled in the art, or by using computerbased sequence comparison and identification tools that employ algorithms such as BLAST (Basic Local Alignment Search Tool; Altschul et al. (1993) J. Mol. Biol. 215:403-410; see

35 also www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/BLAST/). In general, a sequence of ten or more contiguous amino acids or thirty or more contiguous nucleotides is necessary in order to putatively identify a polypeptide or nucleic acid sequence as homologous to a known protein or gene. Moreover, with respect to nucleotide sequences, gene-specific oligonucleotide probes

- comprising 30 or more contiguous nucleotides may be used in sequence-dependent methods of gene identification (e.g., Southern hybridization) and isolation (e.g., *in situ* hybridization of bacterial colonies or bacteriophage plaques). In addition, short oligonucleotides of 12 or more nucleotides may be used as amplification primers in PCR in order to obtain a particular
- nucleic acid fragment comprising the primers. Accordingly, a "substantial portion" of a 5 nucleotide sequence comprises a nucleotide sequence that will afford specific identification and/or isolation of a nucleic acid fragment comprising the sequence. The instant specification teaches amino acid and nucleotide sequences encoding polypeptides that comprise one or more particular plant proteins. The skilled artisan, having the benefit of the

10 sequences as reported herein, may now use all or a substantial portion of the disclosed sequences for purposes known to those skilled in this art. Accordingly, the instant invention comprises the complete sequences as reported in the accompanying Sequence Listing, as well as substantial portions of those sequences as defined above.

"Codon degeneracy" refers to divergence in the genetic code permitting variation of 15 the nucleotide sequence without effecting the amino acid sequence of an encoded polypeptide. Accordingly, the instant invention relates to any nucleic acid fragment comprising a nucleotide sequence that encodes all or a substantial portion of the amino acid sequences set forth herein. The skilled artisan is well aware of the "codon-bias" exhibited by a specific host cell in usage of nucleotide codons to specify a given amino acid.

20 Therefore, when synthesizing a nucleic acid fragment for improved expression in a host cell, it is desirable to design the nucleic acid fragment such that its frequency of codon usage approaches the frequency of preferred codon usage of the host cell.

"Synthetic nucleic acid fragments" can be assembled from oligonucleotide building blocks that are chemically synthesized using procedures known to those skilled in the art.

- 25 These building blocks are ligated and annealed to form larger nucleic acid fragments which may then be enzymatically assembled to construct the entire desired nucleic acid fragment. "Chemically synthesized", as related to nucleic acid fragment, means that the component nucleotides were assembled in vitro. Manual chemical synthesis of nucleic acid fragments may be accomplished using well established procedures, or automated chemical synthesis
- can be performed using one of a number of commercially available machines. Accordingly, 30 the nucleic acid fragments can be tailored for optimal gene expression based on optimization of nucleotide sequence to reflect the codon bias of the host cell. The skilled artisan appreciates the likelihood of successful gene expression if codon usage is biased towards those codons favored by the host. Determination of preferred codons can be based on a survey of genes derived from the host cell where sequence information is available.

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"Gene" refers to a nucleic acid fragment that expresses a specific protein, including regulatory sequences preceding (5' non-coding sequences) and following (3' non-coding sequences) the coding sequence. "Native gene" refers to a gene as found in nature with its own regulatory sequences. "Chimeric gene" refers any gene that is not a native gene, comprising regulatory and coding sequences that are not found together in nature. Accordingly, a chimeric gene may comprise regulatory sequences and coding sequences that are derived from different sources, or regulatory sequences and coding sequences derived

from the same source, but arranged in a manner different than that found in nature. 5 "Endogenous gene" refers to a native gene in its natural location in the genome of an organism. A "foreign" gene refers to a gene not normally found in the host organism, but that is introduced into the host organism by gene transfer. Foreign genes can comprise native genes inserted into a non-native organism, or chimeric genes. A "transgene" is a gene that has been introduced into the genome by a transformation procedure.

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"Coding sequence" refers to a nucleotide sequence that codes for a specific amino acid sequence. "Regulatory sequences" refer to nucleotide sequences located upstream (5' noncoding sequences), within, or downstream (3' non-coding sequences) of a coding sequence, and which influence the transcription, RNA processing or stability, or translation of the associated coding sequence. Regulatory sequences may include promoters, translation leader sequences, introns, and polyadenylation recognition sequences.

"Promoter" refers to a nucleotide sequence capable of controlling the expression of a coding sequence or functional RNA. In general, a coding sequence is located 3' to a promoter sequence. The promoter sequence consists of proximal and more distal upstream

- 20 elements, the latter elements often referred to as enhancers. Accordingly, an "enhancer" is a nucleotide sequence which can stimulate promoter activity and may be an innate element of the promoter or a heterologous element inserted to enhance the level or tissue-specificity of a promoter. Promoters may be derived in their entirety from a native gene, or be composed of different elements derived from different promoters found in nature, or even comprise
- 25 synthetic nucleotide segments. It is understood by those skilled in the art that different promoters may direct the expression of a gene in different tissues or cell types, or at different stages of development, or in response to different environmental conditions.
 - Promoters which cause a nucleic acid fragment to be expressed in most cell types at most times are commonly referred to as "constitutive promoters". New promoters of various
- 30 types useful in plant cells are constantly being discovered; numerous examples may be found in the compilation by Okamuro and Goldberg (1989) Biochemistry of Plants 15:1-82. It is further recognized that since in most cases the exact boundaries of regulatory sequences have not been completely defined, nucleic acid fragments of different lengths may have identical promoter activity.
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The "translation leader sequence" refers to a nucleotide sequence located between the promoter sequence of a gene and the coding sequence. The translation leader sequence is present in the fully processed mRNA upstream of the translation start sequence. The translation leader sequence may affect processing of the primary transcript to mRNA.

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mRNA stability or translation efficiency. Examples of translation leader sequences have been described (Turner and Foster (1995) *Mol. Biotechnol.* 3:225-236).

The "3' non-coding sequences" refer to nucleotide sequences located downstream of a coding sequence and include polyadenylation recognition sequences and other sequences encoding regulatory signals capable of affecting mRNA processing or gene expression. The polyadenylation signal is usually characterized by affecting the addition of polyadenylic acid tracts to the 3' end of the mRNA precursor. The use of different 3' non-coding sequences is exemplified by Ingelbrecht et al. (1989) *Plant Cell 1*:671-680.

"RNA transcript" refers to the product resulting from RNA polymerase-catalyzed transcription of a DNA sequence. When the RNA transcript is a perfect complementary copy of the DNA sequence, it is referred to as the primary transcript or it may be a RNA sequence derived from posttranscriptional processing of the primary transcript and is referred to as the mature RNA. "Messenger RNA (mRNA)" refers to the RNA that is without introns and that can be translated into polypeptide by the cell. "cDNA" refers to a

15 double-stranded DNA that is complementary to and derived from mRNA. "Sense" RNA refers to an RNA transcript that includes the mRNA and so can be translated into a polypeptide by the cell. "Antisense RNA" refers to an RNA transcript that is complementary to all or part of a target primary transcript or mRNA and that blocks the expression of a target gene (see U.S. Patent No. 5,107,065, incorporated herein by

20 reference). The complementarity of an antisense RNA may be with any part of the specific nucleotide sequence, i.e., at the 5' non-coding sequence, 3' non-coding sequence, introns, or the coding sequence. "Functional RNA" refers to sense RNA, antisense RNA, ribozyme RNA, or other RNA that may not be translated but yet has an effect on cellular processes.

The term "operably linked" refers to the association of two or more nucleic acid fragments on a single nucleic acid fragment so that the function of one is affected by the other. For example, a promoter is operably linked with a coding sequence when it is capable of affecting the expression of that coding sequence (i.e., that the coding sequence is under the transcriptional control of the promoter). Coding sequences can be operably linked to regulatory sequences in sense or antisense orientation.

- 30 The term "expression", as used herein, refers to the transcription and stable accumulation of sense (mRNA) or antisense RNA derived from the nucleic acid fragment of the invention. Expression may also refer to translation of mRNA into a polypeptide. "Antisense inhibition" refers to the production of antisense RNA transcripts capable of suppressing the expression of the target protein. "Overexpression" refers to the production
- 35 of a gene product in transgenic organisms that exceeds levels of production in normal or non-transformed organisms. "Co-suppression" refers to the production of sense RNA transcripts capable of suppressing the expression of identical or substantially similar foreign or endogenous genes (U.S. Patent No. 5,231,020, incorporated herein by reference).

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"Altered levels" refers to the production of gene product(s) in transgenic organisms in amounts or proportions that differ from that of normal or non-transformed organisms.

"Mature" protein refers to a post-translationally processed polypeptide; i.e., one from which any pre- or propeptides present in the primary translation product have been removed. "Precursor" protein refers to the primary product of translation of mRNA; i.e., with pre- and propeptides still present. Pre- and propeptides may be but are not limited to intracellular localization signals.

A "chloroplast transit peptide" is an amino acid sequence which is translated in conjunction with a protein and directs the protein to the chloroplast or other plastid types

- 10 present in the cell in which the protein is made. "Chloroplast transit sequence" refers to a nucleotide sequence that encodes a chloroplast transit peptide. A "signal peptide" is an amino acid sequence which is translated in conjunction with a protein and directs the protein to the secretory system (Chrispeels (1991) Ann. Rev. Plant Phys. Plant Mol. Biol. 42:21-53). If the protein is to be directed to a vacuole, a vacuolar targeting signal (supra) can further be
- 15 added, or if to the endoplasmic reticulum, an endoplasmic reticulum retention signal (*supra*) may be added. If the protein is to be directed to the nucleus, any signal peptide present should be removed and instead a nuclear localization signal included (Raikhel (1992) *Plant Phys. 100*:1627-1632).
- "Transformation" refers to the transfer of a nucleic acid fragment into the genome of a
 host organism, resulting in genetically stable inheritance. Host organisms containing the transformed nucleic acid fragments are referred to as "transgenic" organisms. Examples of methods of plant transformation include *Agrobacterium*-mediated transformation (De Blaere et al. (1987) *Meth. Enzymol. 143*:277) and particle-accelerated or "gene gun" transformation technology (Klein et al. (1987) *Nature (London) 327*:70-73; U.S. Patent No. 4,945,050, incorporated herein by reference).

Standard recombinant DNA and molecular cloning techniques used herein are well known in the art and are described more fully in Sambrook et al. *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*; Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press: Cold Spring Harbor, 1989 (hereinafter "Maniatis").

30 Nucleic acid fragments encoding at least a portion of several delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid desaturase have been isolated and identified by comparison of random plant cDNA sequences to public databases containing nucleotide and protein sequences using the BLAST algorithms well known to those skilled in the art. The nucleic acid fragments of the instant invention may be used to isolate cDNAs and genes encoding homologous proteins

35 from the same or other plant species. Isolation of homologous genes using sequencedependent protocols is well known in the art. Examples of sequence-dependent protocols include, but are not limited to, methods of nucleic acid hybridization, and methods of DNA



and RNA amplification as exemplified by various uses of nucleic acid amplification technologies (e.g., polymerase chain reaction, ligase chain reaction).

For example, genes encoding other delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid desaturases, either as cDNAs or genomic DNAs, could be isolated directly by using all or a portion of the 5 instant nucleic acid fragments as DNA hybridization probes to screen libraries from any desired plant employing methodology well known to those skilled in the art. Specific oligonucleotide probes based upon the instant nucleic acid sequences can be designed and synthesized by methods known in the art (Maniatis). Moreover, the entire sequences can be used directly to synthesize DNA probes by methods known to the skilled artisan such as

10 random primer DNA labeling, nick translation, or end-labeling techniques, or RNA probes using available *in vitro* transcription systems. In addition, specific primers can be designed and used to amplify a part or all of the instant sequences. The resulting amplification products can be labeled directly during amplification reactions or labeled after amplification reactions, and used as probes to isolate full length cDNA or genomic fragments under 15 conditions of appropriate stringency.

In addition, two short segments of the instant nucleic acid fragments may be used in polymerase chain reaction protocols to amplify longer nucleic acid fragments encoding homologous genes from DNA or RNA. The polymerase chain reaction may also be performed on a library of cloned nucleic acid fragments wherein the sequence of one primer

- 20 is derived from the instant nucleic acid fragments, and the sequence of the other primer takes advantage of the presence of the polyadenylic acid tracts to the 3' end of the mRNA precursor encoding plant genes. Alternatively, the second primer sequence may be based upon sequences derived from the cloning vector. For example, the skilled artisan can follow the RACE protocol (Frohman et al. (1988) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85*:8998-9002) to
- 25 generate cDNAs by using PCR to amplify copies of the region between a single point in the transcript and the 3' or 5' end. Primers oriented in the 3' and 5' directions can be designed from the instant sequences. Using commercially available 3' RACE or 5' RACE systems

(BRL), specific 3' or 5' cDNA fragments can be isolated (Ohara et al. (1989) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86*:5673-5677; Loh et al. (1989) *Science 243*:217-220). Products generated

30 by the 3' and 5' RACE procedures can be combined to generate full-length cDNAs (Frohman and Martin (1989) *Techniques 1*:165). Consequently, a polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence of at least one of 60 (preferably one of at least 40, most preferably one of at least 30) contiguous nucleotides derived from a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:1, 3, 5, 7, and 16 and the complement of such nucleotide

35 sequences may be used in such methods to obtain a nucleic acid fragment encoding a substantial portion of an amino acid sequence of a polypeptide. The present invention relates to a method of obtaining a nucleic acid fragment encoding a substantial portion of a polypeptide of a gene (such as delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid desaturase) preferably a

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substantial portion of a plant polypeptide of a gene, comprising the steps of: synthesizing an oligonucleotide primer comprising a nucleotide sequence of at least one of 60 (preferably at least one of 40, most preferably at least one of 30) contiguous nucleotides derived from a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:1, 3, 5, 7, and 16, and the complement of such nucleotide sequences; and amplifying a nucleic acid fragment (preferably a cDNA inserted in a cloning vector) using the oligonucleotide primer. The amplified nucleic acid fragment preferably will encode a portion of a polypeptide.

Availability of the instant nucleotide and deduced amino acid sequences facilitates immunological screening of cDNA expression libraries. Synthetic peptides representing portions of the instant amino acid sequences may be synthesized. These peptides can be used to immunize animals to produce polyclonal or monoclonal antibodies with specificity for peptides or proteins comprising the amino acid sequences. These antibodies can be then be used to screen cDNA expression libraries to isolate full-length cDNA clones of interest (Lerner (1984) *Adv. Immunol. 36*:1-34; Maniatis).

The nucleic acid fragments of the instant invention may be used to create transgenic plants in which the disclosed polypeptides are present at higher or lower levels than normal or in cell types or developmental stages in which they are not normally found. This would have the effect of altering the composition of fatty acids in those cells. Overexpression of delta-6 desaturase may allow the production of higher levels of tariric acid in *Picramnia*.

20 Co-suppression of sphingolipid desaturase may allow for the production of higher levels of unsaturated corn and soybean oils.

Overexpression of the proteins of the instant invention may be accomplished by first constructing a chimeric gene in which the coding region is operably linked to a promoter capable of directing expression of a gene in the desired tissues at the desired stage of

development. For reasons of convenience, the chimeric gene may comprise promoter sequences and translation leader sequences derived from the same genes. 3' Non-coding sequences encoding transcription termination signals may also be provided. The instant chimeric gene may also comprise one or more introns in order to facilitate gene expression.

Plasmid vectors comprising the instant chimeric gene can then be constructed. The 30 choice of plasmid vector is dependent upon the method that will be used to transform host plants. The skilled artisan is well aware of the genetic elements that must be present on the plasmid vector in order to successfully transform, select and propagate host cells containing the chimeric gene. The skilled artisan will also recognize that different independent transformation events will result in different levels and patterns of expression (Jones et al.

35 (1985) *EMBO J.* 4:2411-2418; De Almeida et al. (1989) *Mol. Gen. Genetics* 218:78-86), and thus that multiple events must be screened in order to obtain lines displaying the desired expression level and pattern. Such screening may be accomplished by Southern analysis of

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DNA, Northern analysis of mRNA expression, Western analysis of protein expression, or phenotypic analysis.

For some applications it may be useful to direct the instant polypeptides to different cellular compartments, or to facilitate its secretion from the cell. It is thus envisioned that the chimeric gene described above may be further supplemented by altering the coding sequence to encode the instant polypeptides with appropriate intracellular targeting sequences such as transit sequences (Keegstra (1989) *Cell 56*:247-253), signal sequences or sequences encoding endoplasmic reticulum localization (Chrispeels (1991) *Ann. Rev. Plant Phys. Plant Mol. Biol.* 42:21-53), or nuclear localization signals (Raikhel (1992) *Plant Phys.* 100:1627-1632) added and/or with targeting sequences that are already present

10 Phys. 100:1627-1632) added and/or with targeting sequences that are already presen removed. While the references cited give examples of each of these, the list is not exhaustive and more targeting signals of utility may be discovered in the future.

It may also be desirable to reduce or eliminate expression of genes encoding the instant polypeptides in plants for some applications. In order to accomplish this, a chimeric gene designed for co-suppression of the instant polypeptide can be constructed by linking a gene or gene fragment encoding that polypeptide to plant promoter sequences.

Alternatively, a chimeric gene designed to express antisense RNA for all or part of the instant nucleic acid fragment can be constructed by linking the gene or gene fragment in reverse orientation to plant promoter sequences. Either the co-suppression or antisense
chimeric genes could be introduced into plants via transformation wherein expression of the corresponding endogenous genes are reduced or eliminated.

Molecular genetic solutions to the generation of plants with altered gene expression have a decided advantage over more traditional plant breeding approaches. Changes in plant phenotypes can be produced by specifically inhibiting expression of one or more genes by

antisense inhibition or cosuppression (U.S. Patent Nos. 5,190,931, 5,107,065 and 5,283,323). An antisense or cosuppression construct would act as a dominant negative regulator of gene activity. While conventional mutations can yield negative regulation of gene activity these effects are most likely recessive. The dominant negative regulation available with a transgenic approach may be advantageous from a breeding perspective. In

30 addition, the ability to restrict the expression of specific phenotype to the reproductive tissues of the plant by the use of tissue specific promoters may confer agronomic advantages relative to conventional mutations which may have an effect in all tissues in which a mutant gene is ordinarily expressed.

The person skilled in the art will know that special considerations are associated with the use of antisense or cosuppression technologies in order to reduce expression of particular genes. For example, the proper level of expression of sense or antisense genes may require the use of different chimeric genes utilizing different regulatory elements known to the skilled artisan. Once transgenic plants are obtained by one of the methods described above, 5

it will be necessary to screen individual transgenics for those that most effectively display the desired phenotype. The nature of these screens will generally be chosen on practical grounds, and is not an inherent part of the invention. For example, one can screen by looking for changes in gene expression by using antibodies specific for the protein encoded by the gene being suppressed, or one could establish assays that specifically measure enzyme activity. A preferred method will be one which allows large numbers of samples to be processed rapidly, since it will be expected that a large number of transformants will be negative for the desired phenotype.

The instant polypeptides (or portions thereof) may be produced in heterologous host
cells, particularly in the cells of microbial hosts, and can be used to prepare antibodies to the these proteins by methods well known to those skilled in the art. The antibodies are useful for detecting the polypeptides of the instant invention *in situ* in cells or *in vitro* in cell extracts. Preferred heterologous host cells for production of the instant polypeptides are microbial hosts. Microbial expression systems and expression vectors containing regulatory
sequences that direct high level expression of foreign proteins are well known to those skilled in the art. Any of these could be used to construct a chimeric gene for production of the instant polypeptides. This chimeric gene could then be introduced into appropriate

microorganisms via transformation to provide high level expression of the encoded delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid desaturase. An example of a vector for high level expression of
the instant polypeptides in a bacterial host is provided (Example 7).

All or a substantial portion of the nucleic acid fragments of the instant invention may also be used as probes for genetically and physically mapping the genes that they are a part of, and as markers for traits linked to those genes. Such information may be useful in plant breeding in order to develop lines with desired phenotypes. For example, the instant nucleic

acid fragments may be used as restriction fragment length polymorphism (RFLP) markers. Southern blots (Maniatis) of restriction-digested plant genomic DNA may be probed with the nucleic acid fragments of the instant invention. The resulting banding patterns may then be subjected to genetic analyses using computer programs such as MapMaker (Lander et al. (1987) *Genomics 1*:174-181) in order to construct a genetic map. In addition, the nucleic

30 acid fragments of the instant invention may be used to probe Southern blots containing restriction endonuclease-treated genomic DNAs of a set of individuals representing parent and progeny of a defined genetic cross. Segregation of the DNA polymorphisms is noted and used to calculate the position of the instant nucleic acid sequence in the genetic map previously obtained using this population (Botstein et al. (1980) *Am. J. Hum. Genet.*

35 *32*:314-331).

The production and use of plant gene-derived probes for use in genetic mapping is described in Bernatzky and Tanksley (1986) *Plant Mol. Biol. Reporter 4*:37-41. Numerous publications describe genetic mapping of specific cDNA clones using the methodology

outlined above or variations thereof. For example, F2 intercross populations, backcross populations, randomly mated populations, near isogenic lines, and other sets of individuals may be used for mapping. Such methodologies are well known to those skilled in the art.

Nucleic acid probes derived from the instant nucleic acid sequences may also be used
for physical mapping (i.e., placement of sequences on physical maps; see Hoheisel et al. In:
Nonmammalian Genomic Analysis: A Practical Guide, Academic press 1996, pp. 319-346, and references cited therein).

In another embodiment, nucleic acid probes derived from the instant nucleic acid sequences may be used in direct fluorescence *in situ* hybridization (FISH) mapping (Trask

10 (1991) Trends Genet. 7:149-154). Although current methods of FISH mapping favor use of large clones (several to several hundred KB; see Laan et al. (1995) Genome Res. 5:13-20), improvements in sensitivity may allow performance of FISH mapping using shorter probes.

A variety of nucleic acid amplification-based methods of genetic and physical mapping may be carried out using the instant nucleic acid sequences. Examples include

15 allele-specific amplification (Kazazian (1989) J. Lab. Clin. Med. 11:95-96), polymorphism of PCR-amplified fragments (CAPS; Sheffield et al. (1993) Genomics 16:325-332), allelespecific ligation (Landegren et al. (1988) Science 241:1077-1080), nucleotide extension reactions (Sokolov (1990) Nucleic Acid Res. 18:3671), Radiation Hybrid Mapping (Walter et al. (1997) Nat. Genet. 7:22-28) and Happy Mapping (Dear and Cook (1989) Nucleic Acid

Res. 17:6795-6807). For these methods, the sequence of a nucleic acid fragment is used to design and produce primer pairs for use in the amplification reaction or in primer extension reactions. The design of such primers is well known to those skilled in the art. In methods employing PCR-based genetic mapping, it may be necessary to identify DNA sequence differences between the parents of the mapping cross in the region corresponding to the
 instant nucleic acid sequence. This, however, is generally not necessary for mapping

methods.

Loss of function mutant phenotypes may be identified for the instant cDNA clones either by targeted gene disruption protocols or by identifying specific mutants for these genes contained in a maize population carrying mutations in all possible genes (Ballinger

- 30 and Benzer (1989) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci USA 86:9402-9406; Koes et al. (1995) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci USA 92:8149-8153; Bensen et al. (1995) Plant Cell 7:75-84). The latter approach may be accomplished in two ways. First, short segments of the instant nucleic acid fragments may be used in polymerase chain reaction protocols in conjunction with a mutation tag sequence primer on DNAs prepared from a population of plants in which
- 35 Mutator transposons or some other mutation-causing DNA element has been introduced (see Bensen, *supra*). The amplification of a specific DNA fragment with these primers indicates the insertion of the mutation tag element in or near the plant gene encoding the instant polypeptides. Alternatively, the instant nucleic acid fragment may be used as a

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hybridization probe against PCR amplification products generated from the mutation population using the mutation tag sequence primer in conjunction with an arbitrary genomic site primer, such as that for a restriction enzyme site-anchored synthetic adaptor. With either method, a plant containing a mutation in the endogenous gene encoding the instant polypeptides can be identified and obtained. This mutant plant can then be used to

determine or confirm the natural function of the instant polypeptides disclosed herein.

EXAMPLES

The present invention is further defined in the following Examples, in which all parts and percentages are by weight and degrees are Celsius, unless otherwise stated. It should be understood that these Examples, while indicating preferred embodiments of the invention, are given by way of illustration only. From the above discussion and these Examples, one skilled in the art can ascertain the essential characteristics of this invention, and without departing from the spirit and scope thereof, can make various changes and modifications of the invention to adapt it to various usages and conditions.

EXAMPLE 1

<u>Composition of cDNA Libraries; Isolation and Sequencing of cDNA Clones</u> cDNA libraries representing mRNAs from various Florida bitterbush, corn, soybean, and wheat tissues were prepared. The characteristics of the libraries are described below.

	TABLE 2	
	cDNA Libraries from Florida Bitterbush, Corn, Soybea	n, and Wheat
Library	Tissue	Clone
pps	Developing Seeds of <i>Picramnia pentandra</i> (Florida bitterbush)	pps.pk0011.d5:fis
cde1c	Corn (Zea mays, B13) Developing Embryo 20 DAP	cde1c.pk001.08:fis
sfl1	Soybean Immature Flower	sfl1.pk0031.d11
ssl	Soybean Seedling 5-10 Days After Germination	ssl.pk0017.b4:fis
wre1	Wheat Root From 7 Day Old Etiolated Seedling	wre1.pk0004.c7:fis

cDNA libraries may be prepared by any one of many methods available. For example, the cDNAs may be introduced into plasmid vectors by first preparing the cDNA 25 libraries in Uni-ZAPTM XR vectors according to the manufacturer's protocol (Stratagene Cloning Systems, La Jolla, CA). The Uni-ZAPTM XR libraries are converted into plasmid libraries according to the protocol provided by Stratagene. Upon conversion, cDNA inserts will be contained in the plasmid vector pBluescript. In addition, the cDNAs may be introduced directly into precut Bluescript II SK(+) vectors (Stratagene) using T4 DNA

30 ligase (New England Biolabs), followed by transfection into DH10B cells according to the manufacturer's protocol (GIBCO BRL Products). Once the cDNA inserts are in plasmid

vectors, plasmid DNAs are prepared from randomly picked bacterial colonies containing recombinant pBluescript plasmids, or the insert cDNA sequences are amplified via polymerase chain reaction using primers specific for vector sequences flanking the inserted cDNA sequences. Amplified insert DNAs or plasmid DNAs are sequenced in dye-primer

5 sequencing reactions to generate partial cDNA sequences (expressed sequence tags or "ESTs"; see Adams et al., (1991) Science 252:1651-1656). The resulting ESTs are analyzed using a Perkin Elmer Model 377 fluorescent sequencer.

EXAMPLE 2

Identification of cDNA Clones

- 10 cDNA clones encoding delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid desaturase were identified by conducting BLAST (Basic Local Alignment Search Tool; Altschul et al. (1993) *J. Mol. Biol.* 215:403-410; see also www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/BLAST/) searches for similarity to sequences contained in the BLAST "nr" database (comprising all non-redundant GenBank CDS translations, sequences derived from the 3-dimensional structure Brookhaven Protein
- 15 Data Bank, the last major release of the SWISS-PROT protein sequence database, EMBL, and DDBJ databases). The cDNA sequences obtained in Example 1 were analyzed for similarity to all publicly available DNA sequences contained in the "nr" database using the BLASTN algorithm provided by the National Center for Biotechnology Information (NCBI). The DNA sequences were translated in all reading frames and compared for
- 20 similarity to all publicly available protein sequences contained in the "nr" database using the BLASTX algorithm (Gish and States (1993) *Nat. Genet.* 3:266-272) provided by the NCBI. For convenience, the P-value (probability) of observing a match of a cDNA sequence to a sequence contained in the searched databases merely by chance as calculated by BLAST are reported herein as "pLog" values, which represent the negative of the logarithm of the
- 25 reported P-value. Accordingly, the greater the pLog value, the greater the likelihood that the cDNA sequence and the BLAST "hit" represent homologous proteins.

EXAMPLE 3

Characterization of cDNA Clones Encoding Delta-6 Desaturase

The BLASTX search using the EST sequences from clones listed in Table 3 revealed 30 similarity of the polypeptides encoded by the cDNAs to delta-6 desaturase from borage [*Borago officinalis*] (NCBI General Identifier No. 2062403). Shown in Table 3 are the BLAST results for the sequences of the entire cDNA inserts comprising the indicated cDNA clones ("FIS"):

BI	AST Results for Sequences Encoding Polypeptides Homologous to Delta-6 Desaturase						
Clone	Status	BLAST pLog Score 2062403					
pps.pk0011.d5:fis	FIS	132.00					

<u>TABLE 3</u>
BLAST Results for Sequences Encoding Polypeptides
Homologous to Delta-6 Desaturase

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5	Sequence alignments and percent identity calculations were performed using the
	Megalign program of the LASERGENE bioinformatics computing suite (DNASTAR Inc.,
	Madison, WI). Multiple alignment of the sequences was performed using the Clustal
	method of alignment (Higgins and Sharp (1989) CABIOS. 5:151-153) with the default
	parameters (GAP PENALTY=10, GAP LENGTH PENALTY=10). Default parameters for
10	pairwise alignments using the Clustal method were KTUPLE 1, GAP PENALTY=3,
	WINDOW=5 and DIAGONALS SAVED=5. Sequence alignments and BLAST scores and
	probabilities indicate that the nucleic acid fragments comprising the instant cDNA clones

encode a substantial portion of a delta-6 desaturase. These sequences represent the first
Picramnia pentandra sequences encoding delta-6 desaturase.

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EXAMPLE 4

Characterization of cDNA Clones Encoding Sphingolipid Desaturase

The BLASTX search using the EST sequences from clones listed in Table 4 revealed similarity of the polypeptides encoded by the cDNAs to sphingolipid desaturase from borage [Borago officinalis] (NCBI General Identifier No. 2062403), wheat [Triticum aestivum]

(NCBI General Identifier No. 4104056), and sunflower [Helianthus annuus] (NCBI General 20 Identifier No. 1040729). Shown in Table 4 are the BLAST results for the sequences of the entire cDNA inserts comprising the indicated cDNA clones ("FIS"), or contigs assembled from two or more ESTs ("Contig"):

25	TABLE 4												
	BLAST Results for Sequences Encoding Polypeptides												
	Homologous to Sphingolipid Desaturase												
	Clone	Status	NCBI General Identifier No.	BLAST pLog Score									
	ssl.pk0017.b4:fis	FIS	2062403	254.00									
	cde1c.pk001.o8:fis	FIS	4104056	254.00									
	wre1.pk0004.c7:fis	FIS	4104056	254.00									
	sfl1.pk0012.c5 sfl1.pk0031.d11	Contig	1040729	88.00									

Figure 1 presents an alignment of the amino acid sequences set forth in SEQ ID 30 NOs:2, 4, 6, 8, and 10 and the borage sequence (SEQ ID NO:11), wheat sequence (SEQ ID respectively).

NO:12), and sunflower sequence (SEQ ID NO:13). The data in Table 5 represents a calculation of the percent identity of the amino acid sequences set forth in SEQ ID NOs:2, 4, 6, 8, and 10, and the borage sequence (NCBI General Identifier No. 2062403, SEQ ID NO:11), wheat sequence (NCBI General Identifier No. 4104056, SEQ ID NO:12), and sunflower sequence (NCBI General Identifier No. 1040729, SEQ ID NO:13). The data in Table 5 represents a calculation of the percent identity of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NOs:2, 4, 6, 8, and 10 and the delta 6 desaturase borage sequence (SEQ ID NO:11) and the wheat and sunflower sphingolipid desaturases (SEQ ID NOs:12 and 13,

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of cD	mino Acid Sequences De NA Clones Encoding Po elta-6 Desaturase and Sp	lypeptides Homologous	tide Sequences
SEQ ID NO.	2062403	Percent Identity to 4104056	1040729
2	54.0	49.2	51.4
8	62.7	55.2	70.3
4	54.0	79.5	53.7
10	54.0	99.8	53.5
6	49.8	48.6	53.0

TABLE 5

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The wheat sequence that is a virtual match to SEQ ID NO:10 was deposited into NCBI on January 29, 1999, almost two months after the priority date of the provisional filing of the present application. Therefore the wheat sequence that is claimed herein is the EST filed in the provisional application (herein labeled SEQ ID NO:17) that is comprised of amino acids 17, 120 in SEQ ID NO:10

20 17-130 in SEQ ID NO:10.

Sequence alignments and percent identity calculations were performed using the Megalign program of the LASERGENE bioinformatics computing suite (DNASTAR Inc., Madison, WI). Multiple alignment of the sequences was performed using the Clustal method of alignment (Higgins and Sharp (1989) *CABIOS*. 5:151-153) with the default

25 parameters (GAP PENALTY=10, GAP LENGTH PENALTY=10). Default parameters for pairwise alignments using the Clustal method were KTUPLE 1, GAP PENALTY=3, WINDOW=5 and DIAGONALS SAVED=5. Sequence alignments and BLAST scores and probabilities indicate that the nucleic acid fragments comprising the instant cDNA clones encode a substantial portion of a sphingolipid desaturase. These sequences represent the

30 first monocot and first soybean sequences encoding sphingolipid desaturase.

EXAMPLE 5

Expression of Chimeric Genes in Monocot Cells

A chimeric gene comprising a cDNA encoding the instant polypeptides in sense orientation with respect to the maize 27 kD zein promoter that is located 5' to the cDNA fragment, and the 10 kD zein 3' end that is located 3' to the cDNA fragment, can be 5 constructed. The cDNA fragment of this gene may be generated by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) of the cDNA clone using appropriate oligonucleotide primers. Cloning sites (NcoI or SmaI) can be incorporated into the oligonucleotides to provide proper orientation of the DNA fragment when inserted into the digested vector pML103 as described below.

- Amplification is then performed in a standard PCR. The amplified DNA is then digested 10 with restriction enzymes NcoI and SmaI and fractionated on an agarose gel. The appropriate band can be isolated from the gel and combined with a 4.9 kb NcoI-Smal fragment of the plasmid pML103. Plasmid pML103 has been deposited under the terms of the Budapest Treaty at ATCC (American Type Culture Collection, 10801 University Blvd., Manassas,
- 15 VA 20110-2209), and bears accession number ATCC 97366. The DNA segment from pML103 contains a 1.05 kb SalI-NcoI promoter fragment of the maize 27 kD zein gene and a 0.96 kb SmaI-SalI fragment from the 3' end of the maize 10 kD zein gene in the vector pGem9Zf(+) (Promega). Vector and insert DNA can be ligated at 15°C overnight, essentially as described (Maniatis). The ligated DNA may then be used to transform E. coli
- 20 XL1-Blue (Epicurian Coli XL-1 Blue™; Stratagene). Bacterial transformants can be screened by restriction enzyme digestion of plasmid DNA and limited nucleotide sequence analysis using the dideoxy chain termination method (Sequenase[™] DNA Sequencing Kit: U.S. Biochemical). The resulting plasmid construct would comprise a chimeric gene encoding, in the 5' to 3' direction, the maize 27 kD zein promoter, a cDNA fragment 25 encoding the instant polypeptides, and the 10 kD zein 3' region.

The chimeric gene described above can then be introduced into corn cells by the following procedure. Immature corn embryos can be dissected from developing caryopses derived from crosses of the inbred corn lines H99 and LH132. The embryos are isolated 10 to 11 days after pollination when they are 1.0 to 1.5 mm long. The embryos are then placed

30 with the axis-side facing down and in contact with agarose-solidified N6 medium (Chu et al. (1975) Sci. Sin. Peking 18:659-668). The embryos are kept in the dark at 27°C. Friable embryogenic callus consisting of undifferentiated masses of cells with somatic proembryoids and embryoids borne on suspensor structures proliferates from the scutellum of these immature embryos. The embryogenic callus isolated from the primary explant can be cultured on N6 medium and sub-cultured on this medium every 2 to 3 weeks.

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The plasmid, p35S/Ac (obtained from Dr. Peter Eckes, Hoechst Ag, Frankfurt, Germany) may be used in transformation experiments in order to provide for a selectable marker. This plasmid contains the Pat gene (see European Patent Publication 0 242 236)

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which encodes phosphinothricin acetyl transferase (PAT). The enzyme PAT confers resistance to herbicidal glutamine synthetase inhibitors such as phosphinothricin. The *pat* gene in p35S/Ac is under the control of the 35S promoter from Cauliflower Mosaic Virus (Odell et al. (1985) *Nature* 313:810-812) and the 3' region of the nopaline synthase gene from the T-DNA of the Ti plasmid of *Agrobacterium tumefaciens*.

The particle bombardment method (Klein et al. (1987) *Nature* 327:70-73) may be used to transfer genes to the callus culture cells. According to this method, gold particles (1 μ m in diameter) are coated with DNA using the following technique. Ten μ g of plasmid DNAs are added to 50 μ L of a suspension of gold particles (60 mg per mL). Calcium chloride

- 10 (50 µL of a 2.5 M solution) and spermidine free base (20 µL of a 1.0 M solution) are added to the particles. The suspension is vortexed during the addition of these solutions. After 10 minutes, the tubes are briefly centrifuged (5 sec at 15,000 rpm) and the supernatant removed. The particles are resuspended in 200 µL of absolute ethanol, centrifuged again and the supernatant removed. The ethanol rinse is performed again and the particles
- 15 resuspended in a final volume of 30 µL of ethanol. An aliquot (5 µL) of the DNA-coated gold particles can be placed in the center of a Kapton[™] flying disc (Bio-Rad Labs). The particles are then accelerated into the corn tissue with a Biolistic[™] PDS-1000/He (Bio-Rad Instruments, Hercules CA), using a helium pressure of 1000 psi, a gap distance of 0.5 cm and a flying distance of 1.0 cm.
- 20 For bombardment, the embryogenic tissue is placed on filter paper over agarosesolidified N6 medium. The tissue is arranged as a thin lawn and covered a circular area of about 5 cm in diameter. The petri dish containing the tissue can be placed in the chamber of the PDS-1000/He approximately 8 cm from the stopping screen. The air in the chamber is then evacuated to a vacuum of 28 inches of Hg. The macrocarrier is accelerated with a
- 25 helium shock wave using a rupture membrane that bursts when the He pressure in the shock tube reaches 1000 psi.

Seven days after bombardment the tissue can be transferred to N6 medium that contains gluphosinate (2 mg per liter) and lacks casein or proline. The tissue continues to grow slowly on this medium. After an additional 2 weeks the tissue can be transferred to

30 fresh N6 medium containing gluphosinate. After 6 weeks, areas of about 1 cm in diameter of actively growing callus can be identified on some of the plates containing the glufosinatesupplemented medium. These calli may continue to grow when sub-cultured on the selective medium.

Plants can be regenerated from the transgenic callus by first transferring clusters of
tissue to N6 medium supplemented with 0.2 mg per liter of 2,4-D. After two weeks the
tissue can be transferred to regeneration medium (Fromm et al. (1990) *Bio/Technology* 8:833-839).



EXAMPLE 6

Expression of Chimeric Genes in Dicot Cells

A seed-specific expression cassette composed of the promoter and transcription terminator from the gene encoding the β subunit of the seed storage protein phaseolin from the bean Phaseolus vulgaris (Doyle et al. (1986) J. Biol. Chem. 261:9228-9238) can be used

5 for expression of the instant polypeptides in transformed soybean. The phaseolin cassette includes about 500 nucleotides upstream (5') from the translation initiation codon and about 1650 nucleotides downstream (3') from the translation stop codon of phaseolin. Between the 5' and 3' regions are the unique restriction endonuclease sites Nco I (which includes the ATG translation initiation codon), Sma I, Kpn I and Xba I. The entire cassette is flanked by

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Hind III sites.

The cDNA fragment of this gene may be generated by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) of the cDNA clone using appropriate oligonucleotide primers. Cloning sites can be incorporated into the oligonucleotides to provide proper orientation of the DNA fragment when inserted into the expression vector. Amplification is then performed as described above, and the isolated fragment is inserted into a pUC18 vector carrying the seed

expression cassette.

Soybean embryos may then be transformed with the expression vector comprising sequences encoding the instant polypeptides. To induce somatic embryos, cotyledons, 3-5 mm in length dissected from surface sterilized, immature seeds of the soybean cultivar

20 A2872, can be cultured in the light or dark at 26°C on an appropriate agar medium for 6-10 weeks. Somatic embryos which produce secondary embryos are then excised and placed into a suitable liquid medium. After repeated selection for clusters of somatic embryos which multiplied as early, globular staged embryos, the suspensions are maintained

25 as described below.

> Soybean embryogenic suspension cultures can maintained in 35 mL liquid media on a rotary shaker, 150 rpm, at 26°C with florescent lights on a 16:8 hour day/night schedule. Cultures are subcultured every two weeks by inoculating approximately 35 mg of tissue into 35 mL of liquid medium.

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Soybean embryogenic suspension cultures may then be transformed by the method of particle gun bombardment (Klein et al. (1987) Nature (London) 327:70-73, U.S. Patent No. 4,945,050). A DuPont Biolistic[™] PDS1000/HE instrument (helium retrofit) can be used for these transformations.

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A selectable marker gene which can be used to facilitate soybean transformation is a chimeric gene composed of the 35S promoter from Cauliflower Mosaic Virus (Odell et al. (1985) Nature 313:810-812), the hygromycin phosphotransferase gene from plasmid pJR225 (from E. coli; Gritz et al.(1983) Gene 25:179-188) and the 3' region of the nopaline synthase gene from the T-DNA of the Ti plasmid of Agrobacterium tumefaciens. The seed expression

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cassette comprising the phaseolin 5' region, the fragment encoding the instant polypeptides and the phaseolin 3' region can be isolated as a restriction fragment. This fragment can then be inserted into a unique restriction site of the vector carrying the marker gene.

To 50 μ L of a 60 mg/mL 1 μ m gold particle suspension is added (in order): 5 μ L DNA (1 μ g/ μ L), 20 μ l spermidine (0.1 M), and 50 μ L CaCl₂ (2.5 M). The particle 5 preparation is then agitated for three minutes, spun in a microfuge for 10 seconds and the supernatant removed. The DNA-coated particles are then washed once in 400 µL 70% ethanol and resuspended in 40 µL of anhydrous ethanol. The DNA/particle suspension can be sonicated three times for one second each. Five µL of the DNA-coated gold particles are then loaded on each macro carrier disk.

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Approximately 300-400 mg of a two-week-old suspension culture is placed in an empty 60x15 mm petri dish and the residual liquid removed from the tissue with a pipette. For each transformation experiment, approximately 5-10 plates of tissue are normally bombarded. Membrane rupture pressure is set at 1100 psi and the chamber is evacuated to a vacuum of 28 inches mercury. The tissue is placed approximately 3.5 inches away from the

retaining screen and bombarded three times. Following bombardment, the tissue can be divided in half and placed back into liquid and cultured as described above.

Five to seven days post bombardment, the liquid media may be exchanged with fresh media, and eleven to twelve days post bombardment with fresh media containing 50 mg/mL

- hygromycin. This selective media can be refreshed weekly. Seven to eight weeks post 20 bombardment, green, transformed tissue may be observed growing from untransformed, necrotic embryogenic clusters. Isolated green tissue is removed and inoculated into individual flasks to generate new, clonally propagated, transformed embryogenic suspension cultures. Each new line may be treated as an independent transformation event. These
- 25 suspensions can then be subcultured and maintained as clusters of immature embryos or regenerated into whole plants by maturation and germination of individual somatic embryos.

EXAMPLE 7

Expression of Chimeric Genes in Microbial Cells

The cDNAs encoding the instant polypeptides can be inserted into the T7 E. coli expression vector pBT430. This vector is a derivative of pET-3a (Rosenberg et al. (1987) 30 Gene 56:125-135) which employs the bacteriophage T7 RNA polymerase/T7 promoter system. Plasmid pBT430 was constructed by first destroying the EcoR I and Hind III sites in pET-3a at their original positions. An oligonucleotide adaptor containing EcoR I and Hind III sites was inserted at the BamH I site of pET-3a. This created pET-3aM with 35 additional unique cloning sites for insertion of genes into the expression vector. Then, the Nde I site at the position of translation initiation was converted to an Nco I site using oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis. The DNA sequence of pET-3aM in this region,

5'-CATATGG, was converted to 5'-CCCATGG in pBT430.



Plasmid DNA containing a cDNA may be appropriately digested to release a nucleic acid fragment encoding the protein. This fragment may then be purified on a 1% NuSieve GTG[™] low melting agarose gel (FMC). Buffer and agarose contain 10 µg/ml ethidium bromide for visualization of the DNA fragment. The fragment can then be purified from the agarose gel by digestion with GELase[™] (Epicentre Technologies) according to the manufacturer's instructions, ethanol precipitated, dried and resuspended in 20 µL of water. Appropriate oligonucleotide adapters may be ligated to the fragment using T4 DNA ligase (New England Biolabs, Beverly, MA). The fragment containing the ligated adapters can be purified from the excess adapters using low melting agarose as described above. The vector pBT430 is digested, dephosphorylated with alkaline phosphatase (NEB) and deproteinized with phenol/chloroform as described above. The prepared vector pBT430 and fragment can then be ligated at 16°C for 15 hours followed by transformation into DH5 electrocompetent cells (GIBCO BRL). Transformants can be selected on agar plates containing LB media and

100 μg/mL ampicillin. Transformants containing the gene encoding the instant polypeptides
are then screened for the correct orientation with respect to the T7 promoter by restriction enzyme analysis.

For high level expression, a plasmid clone with the cDNA insert in the correct orientation relative to the T7 promoter can be transformed into *E. coli* strain BL21(DE3) (Studier et al. (1986) *J. Mol. Biol. 189*:113-130). Cultures are grown in LB medium

20 containing ampicillin (100 mg/L) at 25°C. At an optical density at 600 nm of approximately 1, IPTG (isopropylthio-β-galactoside, the inducer) can be added to a final concentration of 0.4 mM and incubation can be continued for 3 h at 25°. Cells are then harvested by centrifugation and re-suspended in 50 µL of 50 mM Tris-HCl at pH 8.0 containing 0.1 mM DTT and 0.2 mM phenyl methylsulfonyl fluoride. A small amount of 1 mm glass beads can

25 be added and the mixture sonicated 3 times for about 5 seconds each time with a microprobe sonicator. The mixture is centrifuged and the protein concentration of the supernatant

determined. One µg of protein from the soluble fraction of the culture can be separated by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis. Gels can be observed for protein bands migrating at the expected molecular weight.

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EXAMPLE 8

Expression of Picramnia EST pps.pk0011.d5 in Somatic Soybean Embryos

As one method of assaying the function of the polypeptide encoded by the *Picramnia* EST pps.pk0011.d5, the corresponding cDNA was expressed in somatic soybean embryos, and the fatty acid composition of the resulting transgenic tissue was examined for alterations accompanying the expression of the cDNA.

A plasmid pZBL100 containing chimeric genes to allow expression of hygromycin B phosphotransferase in certain bacteria and in plant cells was constructed from the following genetic elements: (a) T7 promoter + Shine-Delgarno / hygromycin B

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phosphotransferase (HPT) / T7 terminator sequence, (b) 35S promoter from cauliflower mosaic virus (CaMV) / hygromycin B phosphotransferase (HPT) / nopaline synthase (NOS3' from *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* T-DNA, and (c) pSP72 plasmid vector [from Promega] with β -lactamase coding region (ampicillin resistance gene) removed.

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The hygromycin B phosphotransferase gene was amplified by PCR from E. coli strain W677, which contained a *Klebsiella* derived plasmid pJR225. Starting with the pSP72 vector the elements were assembled into a single plasmid using standard cloning methods (Maniatis).

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Plasmid pZBL100 thus contains the T7 promoter/HPT/T7 terminator cassette for expression of the HPT enzyme in certain strains of $E. coli_{\star}$ such as NovaBlue (DE3) (Novagen), that are lysogenic for lambda DE3 (which carries the T7 RNA Polymerase gene under *lacUV5* control). Plasmid pZBL100 also contains the 35S/HPT/NOS cassette for constitutive expression of the HPT enzyme in plants, such as soybean. These two expression systems allow selection for growth in the presence of hygromycin to be used as

15 a means of identifying cells that contain the plasmid in both bacterial and plant systems. PZBL100 also contains three unique restriction endonuclease sites suitable for the cloning of other chimeric genes into this vector.

A plasmid for expression of the cDNA encoding fatty acid modifying enzymes under the control of the soybean β -conglycinin promoter (Beachy et al., (1985) EMBO J.

4:3047-3053) can be constructed. The construction of this vector was facilitated by the use of plasmids pCW109 and pML18, both of which have been described (see World Patent Publication No. WO 94/11516).

A unique *Not*I site was introduced into the cloning region between the β conglycinin promoter and the phaseolin 3' end in pCW109 by digestion with *Nco*I and

25 XbaI followed by removal of the single stranded DNA ends with mung bean exonuclease. NotI linkers (New England Biochemical catalog number NEB 1125) were ligated into the linearized plasmid to produce plasmid pAW35. The single NotI site in pML18 was destroyed by digestion with NotI, filling in the single stranded ends with dNTPs and

Klenow fragment followed by re-ligation of the linearized plasmid. The modified pML18 30 was then digested with *Hind*III and treated with calf intestinal phosphatase.

The β -conglycinin:*Not*I:phaseolin expression cassette in pAW35 was removed by digestion with Hind III and the 1.8 kB fragment was isolated by agarose gel electrophoresis. The isolated fragment was ligated into the modified and linearized pML18 construction described above. A clone with the desired orientation was identified by

35 digestion with NotI and XbaI to release a 1.08 kB fragment indicating that the orientation of the β-conglycinin transcription unit was the same as the selectable marker transcription unit. The resulting plasmid was given the name pBS19

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*Hind*III is one of the unique cloning sites available in pZBL100. To assemble the final expression cassette, pBS19 and pZBL100 were both digested with *Hind*III The β -conglycinin containing fragment from pBS19 was isolated by gel electrophoresis and ligated into the digested pZBL100, which had been treated with calf alkaline phosphatase. The resulting plasmid was named pKS67.

The cDNA insert for the *Picramnia* EST pk0011.d5 was amplified by PCR to generate flanking *Not*I sites to allow for cloning into the corresponding restriction site of plasmid pKS67. The 5' and 3' oligonucleotide primers used for the amplification of the *Picramnia* cDNA are provided in SEQ ID NO:14 and 15, respectively.

PCR reactions were conducted using Pfu polymerase (Stratagene) and the cDNA corresponding to EST pps.pk0011.d5 as the template. Products from amplification reactions were purified and subcloned into pCR-Script Amp SK(+). The PCR product was then moved as a *Not*I fragment into the soybean expression vector pKS67.

Gene fusions of the *Picramnia* cDNA with the conglycinin promoter and phaseolin termination sequences in vector pKS67 were introduced into soybean embryos using the particle bombardment method of transformation. To induce somatic embryos, cotyledons, 3-5 mm in length dissected from surface sterilized, immature seeds of a soybean cultivar, such as A2872, can be cultured in the light or dark at 26°C on an appropriate agar medium for 6-10 weeks. Somatic embryos that produce secondary embryos were then excised and

20 placed into a suitable liquid medium. After repeated selection for clusters of somatic embryos that multiplied as early, globular staged embryos, the suspensions were maintained as described below.

Soybean embryogenic suspension cultures were maintained in 35 mL liquid media on a rotary shaker, 150 rpm, at 26°C with fluorescent lights on a 16:8 hour day/night schedule. Cultures were subcultured every two weeks by inoculating approximately 35 mg of tissue

into 35 mL of liquid medium.

then loaded on each macro carrier disk.

Soybean embryogenic suspension cultures were then transformed with the vector pKS67 containing the *Picramnia* cDNA for EST pps.pk0011.d5 by the method of particle gun bombardment (Klein et al. (1987) Nature (London) 327:70, U.S. Patent No. 4,945,050).

30 A DuPont Biolisticä PDS1000/HE instrument (helium retrofit) was used for these transformations.

To 50 mL of a 60 mg/mL 1 mm gold particle suspension were added (in order): 5 mL DNA (1 mg/mL), 20 ml spermidine (0.1 M), and 50 mL CaCl₂ (2.5 M). The particle preparation was then agitated for three minutes, spun in a microfuge for 10 seconds and the supernatant removed. The DNA-coated particles were then washed once in 400 mL 70% ethanol and resuspended in 40 mL of anhydrous ethanol. The DNA/particle suspension was sonicated three times for one second each. Five mL of the DNA-coated gold particles was

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Approximately 300-400 mg of a two-week-old suspension culture was placed in an empty 60x15-mm petri dish and the residual liquid removed from the tissue with a pipette. For each transformation experiment, approximately 5 to10 plates of tissue were bombarded. Membrane rupture pressure was set at 1100 psi and the chamber was evacuated to a vacuum of 28 inches mercury. The tissue was placed approximately 3.5 inches away from the

retaining screen and bombarded three times. Following bombardment, the tissue was divided in half and placed back into liquid and cultured as described above.

Five to seven days post bombardment, the liquid media was exchanged with fresh media, and eleven to twelve days post bombardment with fresh media containing 50 mg/mL hygromycin. This selective media was refreshed weekly. Seven to eight weeks post bombardment, green, transformed tissue was observed growing from untransformed, necrotic embryogenic clusters. Isolated green tissue was removed and inoculated into individual flasks to generate new, clonally propagated, transformed embryogenic suspension cultures. Each new line was treated as an independent transformation event. These suspensions were then subcultured and maintained as clusters of immature embryos.

Transgenic soybean embryos selected and maintained in this manner were analyzed for alterations in fatty acid composition. Individual embryos expressing the cDNA for the *Picramnia* EST pps.pk0011.d5 were homogenized in 1% (w/v) sodium methoxide in methanol. Fatty acid methyl esters resulting from this transesterification step were analyzed by both GC and GC-MS as described elsewhere (Hitz et al. (1994) Plant Physiol.

by both GC and GC-MS as described elsewhere (Hitz et al. (1994) Plant Physiol.
 105:635-641). Using this methodology, individual somatic soybean embryos from
 transformation event MS151-5-4 were found to contain a fatty acid whose methyl ester had a
 retention time and mass spectrum consistent with that of gamma-linolenic acid (18:3△6,9,12).
 This fatty acid is not normally present in somatic soybean embryos. In individual embryos

25 expressing the cDNA for *Picramnia* EST pps.pk0011.d5, gamma-linolenic acid was detected in amounts as high as 1.2% (wt/wt) of the total fatty acids. Accompanying the occurrence of gamma-linolenic acid in transgenic somatic soybean embryos was an unidentified compound with a retention time intermediate to that of methyl α -linolenic acid (18:3 $\Delta^{9,12,15}$) and methyl eicosanoic acid (20:0) on a polar GC column, such as Omegawax 320 (Supelco).

30 Analysis by GC-MS indicated that this compound had an apparent molecular ion of 294 m/z. This compound accounted for ...0.5% of the total fatty acids of individual embryos from transformation event MS151-5-4 and was only found in embryos that contained detectable amounts of gamma-linolenic acid. Overall, the presence of gamma-linolenic acid in transgenic somatic soybean embryos confirms that the introduced gene is capable of

35 enhancing a Δ^6 desaturation event in a tissue that normally does not accumulate fatty acids with these bonds. The production of tariric acid by this enzyme cannot be addressed due to the low overall accumulation of Δ^6 containing fatty acids. Isolation of embryos expressing higher levels of the introduced gene may resolve this question.

Various modifications of the invention in addition to those shown and described herein will be apparent to those skilled in the art from the foregoing description. Such modifications are also intended to fall within the scope of the appended claims.

The disclosure of each reference set forth above is incorporated herein by reference in 5 its entirety.

<u>CLAIMS</u>

What is claimed is:

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1. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a first nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide of at least 60 amino acids that has at least 55% identity based on the Clustal method of alignment when compared to a delta-6 desaturase polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:2, a second nucleotide sequence encoding a first polypeptide of at least 114 amino acids that has at least 80% identity based on the Clustal method of alignment when compared to a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of a sphingolipid desaturase polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:8, and SEQ ID NO:17 or a third nucleotide sequence comprising the complement of the first or second nucleotide sequences.

The isolated polynucleotide of Claim 1, wherein the isolated polynucleotide consists of a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:1, 3, 5, 7, and 16 that codes for the polypeptide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:2, 4, 6, 8, and 17.

15 3. The isolated polynucleotide of Claim 1 wherein the nucleotide sequences are DNA.

4. The isolated polynucleotide of Claim 1 wherein the nucleotide sequences are RNA.

A chimeric gene comprising the isolated polynucleotide of Claim 1 operably
 linked to suitable regulatory sequences.

6. An isolated host cell comprising the chimeric gene of Claim 5.

7. An isolated host cell comprising an isolated polynucleotide of Claim 1 or Claim 3.

8. The isolated host cell of Claim 7 wherein the isolated host is selected from the group consisting of yeast, bacteria, plant, and virus.

9. A virus comprising the isolated polynucleotide of Claim 1.

10. A polypeptide of at least 60 amino acids that has at least 55% identity based on the Clustal method of alignment when compared to the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO:2, or at least 114 amino acids that has at least 80% identity based on the Clustal method of

30 alignment when compared to a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:8, and SEQ ID NO:17.

11. A method of selecting an isolated polynucleotide that affects the level of expression of a desaturase polypeptide in a plant cell, the method comprising the steps of:

(a) constructing an isolated polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence of
 at least one of 30 contiguous nucleotides derived from a nucleotide sequence selected from
 the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3, 5, 7, and 16 and the complement of such
 nucleotide sequences;

(b) introducing the isolated polynucleotide into a plant cell;

(c) measuring the level of a polypeptide in the plant cell containing the polynucleotide; and

(d) comparing the level of polypeptide in the plant cell containing the isolated polynucleotide with the level of polypeptide in a plant cell that does not contain the isolated polynucleotide.

12. The method of Claim 11 wherein the isolated polynucleotide consists of a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:1, 3, 5, 7, and 16 that codes for the polypeptide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:2, 4, 6, 8, and 17.

13. A method of selecting an isolated polynucleotide that affects the level of expression of a delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid desaturase polypeptide in a plant cell, the method comprising the steps of:

(a) constructing an isolated polynucleotide of Claim 1;

(b) introducing the isolated polynucleotide into a plant cell;

(c) measuring the level of polypeptide in the plant cell containing the polynucleotide; and

(d) comparing the level of polypeptide in the plant cell containing the isolated polynucleotide with the level of polypeptide in a plant cell that does not contain the polynucleotide.

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14. A method of obtaining a nucleic acid fragment encoding a delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid desaturase polypeptide comprising the steps of:

(a) synthesizing an oligonucleotide primer comprising a nucleotide sequence of at least one of 40 contiguous nucleotides derived from a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:1, 3, 5, 7, and 16 and the complement of such nucleotide sequences; and

(b) amplifying a nucleic acid sequence using the oligonucleotide primer.

15. A method of obtaining a nucleic acid fragment encoding the amino acid sequence encoding a delta-6 desaturase or sphingolipid desaturase polypeptide comprising the steps of:

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(a) probing a cDNA or genomic library with an isolated polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence of at least one of 30 contiguous nucleotides derived from a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs:1, 3, 5, 7, and 16 and the complement of such nucleotide sequences;

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(c) isolating the identified DNA clone; and

(d) sequencing the cDNA or genomic fragment that comprises the isolated DNA clone.

(b) identifying a DNA clone that hybridizes with the isolated polynucleotide:

16. A method for positive selection of a transformed cell comprising:

(a) transforming a host cell with the chimeric gene of Claim 5; and

(b) growing the transformed host cell under conditions suitable for the expression of the chimeric gene allowing expression of the polynucleotide in an amount to alter the concentration of fatty acids with delta-6 double bonds in the host cell to provide a positive selection means.

17. The method of Claim 16 wherein the host cell is selected from the group consisting of plant cells and procaryotes.

18. The method of Claim 16 wherein levels of tariric acid are altered.

19. A method for positive selection of a transformed cell comprising:

(a) transforming a plant cell with the chimeric gene of Claim 5;

(b) growing a plant from the transformed plant cell of step (a) allowing expression of the polynucleotide in an amount to alter the concentration of fatty acids with delta-6 double bonds in the seeds of the plant to provide a positive selection means.

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MEEPKBKGARGAGDLAKHKQPGDLMISIKGKVYDISKW MBVVEKEKKYITSEELKGHNKEGDLWISIQGKVYNVSDW MAAEVVEKEKKYITSDELKNHDKPGDLWISIQGKAYDVSDW MPPSVDAMPAPGDAAGAGDVRMISSKELRAHASADDLWISISGDVYDVTPW MARTGLADATAPEADAMPAASKDAADVRMISTKELQAHAAADDLWISISGDVYDVTPW MARTGLADATAPEADAMPAASKDAADVRMISTKELQAHAAADDLWISISGDVYDVTPW MARTGLADATAPEADAMPAASKDAADVRMISTKELQAHAAADDLWISISGDVYDVTPW MARTGLADATAPEADAMPAASKDAADVRMISTKELQAHAAADDLWISISGDVYDVTPW MARTGLADATAPEADAMPAASKDAADVRMISTKELQAHAAADDLWISISGDVYDVTPW MARTGLADATAPEADAMPAASKDAADVRMISTKELQAHAAADDLWISISGDVYDVTPW MARTGLADATAPEADAMPAASKDAADVRMISTKELQAHAAADDLWISISGDVYDVTPW	TKEHPGGELPLLSFAGQDVTDAFIAYHPGTAWQYLDRFFTGYYVQDYSVSEMSKDYRRLV VKEHPGGDVPISNLAGQDVTDAFIAYHPGTAWSHLEKFTGYHLSDFKVSEVSKDYRKLA VKDHPGGSFPLKSLAGQEVTDAFVAFHPASTWKNLDKFFTGYYLKDYSVSEVSKDYRKLV LPHHPGGDLPLLTLAGQDATDAFAAYHPPSARPLLRRFFVG-RLSDYAVSPASADYRRLL LRHHPGGEVPLITLAGQDATDAFMAYHPPSVRPLLRRFFVG-RLSDYTVPPASADFRRLL LRHHPGGEVPLITLAGQDATDAFMAYHPPSVRPLLRRFFVG-RLTDYTVPPASADFRRLL LRHHPGGEVPLITLAGQDATDAFMAYHPPSVRPLLRRFFVG-RLTDYTVPPASADFRRLL LRHHPGGEVPLITLAGQDATDAFMAYHPPSVRPLLRRFFVG-RLTDYTVPPASADFRRLL AKEHPGGEVPLITLAGQDATDAFMAYHPPSVRPLLRRFFVG-RLTDYTVPPASADFRRLL AKEHPGGEVPLITLAGQDATDAFMAYHPPSVRPLLRRFFVG-RLTDYTVPPASADFRRLL	SEFSKMGLFKTPGKGVYCSIFFVSVLFALSVYGVLYCKSTWAHLCSGLLMGMLWLQSGWV SEFSKLGLFDTKGHVTSCTLASVAVMFLIVLYGVLRCTSVWAHLGSGMLLGLLMMQSAYV FEFSKMGLYDKKGHIMFATLCFIAMLFAMSVYGVLFCEGVLVHLFSGCLMGFLWIQSGWI AQLSSAGLFERVGPTPKVQLVLMAVLFYAALYLVLACASAWAHLLAGGLIGFVWIQSGWI AQLSSAGLFERVGHTPKFLLVAMSVLFCIALYCVLACSSTGAHMFAGGLIGFIWIQSGWI SQLSSAGLFERVGHTPKFLLVAMSVLFCIALYCVLACSSTGAHMFAGGLIGFIWIQSGWI SQLSSAGLFERVGHTPKFLLVAMSVLFCIALYCVLACSSTGAHMFAGGLIGFIWIQSGWI SDLSALNLFNRKGHTTSILLSLILTLFPLSVCGVLFSDSTFVHVLSAALIGFLWIQSGWI SEFAKAGMFEKKGHGVIYSLCFVSLLLSACVYGVLYSGSFWIHMLSGAILGFLAMMQIAYL
<pre>bitterbush [SIN_2] soybean [SIN 8] soybean [SIN 8] borage [gi_2062403] corn [SIN 4] wheat [SIN 10] wheat [gi_4104056] soybean [SIN 6] sunflower [gi_1040729]</pre>	<pre>bitterbush [SIN_2] soybean [SIN_8] borage [gi_2062403] corn [SIN_4] wheat [SIN_10] wheat [gi_4104056] soybean [SIN_6] sunflower [gi_1040729]</pre>	<pre>bitterbush [SIN_2] soybean [SIN 8] borage [gi_2062403] corn [SIN 4] wheat [SIN 10] wheat [gi_4104056] soybean [SIN 6] sunflower [gi_1040729]</pre>

KKVRQRWLEIAGVAAFWVWYPLLVSCLPNWWERVAFVLASFVITGIQHVQFCLNHFSSAV GHDSGHHQITRHPALNRLLQVVSGNCLTGLGIAWWKFNHNTHHISCNSLDHDPDLQHLPF KKVRQRWLEIAGVAAFWVWYPLLVSCLPNWWERVAFVLASFVITGIQHVQFCLNHFSSAV GHDAGHYQMMATRGWNKFAGIFIGNCITGISIAWWKWTHNAHHIACNSLDYDPDLQHLPM KRVYKRSQEILGYAAFLTWYSLLLSRLPNWPERVMYFTSCLAVAGFQHWQFSLNHFASNV RNVSYRAHELLGCLVFSIWYPLLVSCLPNWGERIMFVIASLSVTGMQQVQFSLNHFSSSV GHDSGHYVVMTTNGFNKVAQ1LSGNCLTGISIAWWKWTHNAHHIACNSLDHDPDLQHMPV GHDAGHYMVVSDSRLNKFMG1FAANCLSG1S1GWWKWNHNAHHIACNSLEYDPDLQY1PF GHDSGHHRITGHPVLDRVVQVLSGNCLTGLSIAWWKCNHNTHHIACNSLDHDPDLQHMPL GHDSGHHQITRHPALNRLLQVVSGNCLTGLGIAWWKFNHNTHHISCNSLDHDPDLQHLPL GHDSGHYNVMLSRRLNRAIQILSGNILAGISIGWWKWNHNAHHIACNSLDYDPDLQHMPV [AISPKFFNSLTSYYHNCKMTYDRAARFFVSFQHWTFYPALLSVRLYLFILSFKVVFSNN LVVSSKFFGSLTSHFYEKRLTFDSLSRFFVSYQHWTFYPIMCAARLNMYVQSLIMLLTK-FAVSPKLFGNIWSYFYQRTLAFDAASKFFISYQHWTFYPVMCIARINLLAQSALFVLTE-FAVSTKLFNNLWSVCYERTLAFDAISKFFVSYQHWTFYPVMGFARINLLVQSIVFLITQ-FAVSTKLFNNLWSVCYERTLAFDAISKFFVSYQHWTFYPVMGFARINLLVQSIVFLITQ-FAVSSRFFNSITSHXYGRKXEFDXIAXFLICYQHFTFYPVMCVARVNLYLQTILLFSR-LAVSSKLFNSITSVFYGRQLTFDPLARFFVSYQHYLYYPIMCVARVNLYLQTILLLISK-RKVQDRALNIMGILVFWTWFPLLVSCLPNWPERVMFVLASFAVCSIQHIQFCLNHFAANV KRVPQRLLEIAGVATFWAWYPLLVASLPNWWERVAFVLFSFTICGIQHVQFCLNHFSSDV FAVSSRFFNSITSHFYGRKLEFDFIARFLICYQHFTFYPVMCVARVNLYLQTILLLFSR-GHDSCHYQVMPNRKLNRLFQIIAGNVIAGVSVAWWKLDHNTHHFACNSANLDPDIQHLPI soybean [SIN 6] sunflower [gi_1040729] wheat_[gi_4104056] soybean_[SIN_6] sunflower_[gi_1040729] soybean [SIN 8] borage [gi 2062403] corn [SIN 4] wheat [SIN 10] wheat [gi 4104056] borage [gi_2062403] corn [SIN 4] wheat [SIN 10] wheat [gi_4104056] bitterbush [SIN 2] soybean [SIN 8] borage [gi 2062403] corn [SIN 4] wheat [SIN 10] bitterbush [SIN_2] soybean [SIN_8] bitterbush_[SIN_2]

XKVQDRALNIMGILVFWTWFLFLLA-----LLFV-----PIQHIQFWLNHLAENL RKI PDRGLNILGTLI FWTWFPLLVSRLPNWPERVAFVLVSFCVTGIQHIQFTLNHFSGDV

soybean [SIN 6] sunflower [gi_1040729]

bitterbush [SIN_2] soybean [SIN_8] borage [gi_2062403] corn [SIN_4] wheat [SIN_10] wheat [gi_4104056] soybean [SIN_6] sunflower [gi_1040729]	YTGLPSGNDWFHQQTKGTLNITASAWWDWFHGGLHFQIEHHLFPRMPKCHFRKISPIVNK YVGPPSGNDWFEKQTSGTLDISCASSMDWFFGGLQFQLEHHLFPRLPRCQLRKISPLVSD YVGPPKGNNWFEKQTDGTLDISCPPWMDWFHGGLQFQIEHHLFPRLPRCNLRKISPYVIE YVGPPKGNDWFEKQTAGTLDILCSPWMDWFHGGLQFQIEHHLFPRLPRCHLRKVAPAVRD YVGPPKGNDWFERQTAGTLDIKCSPWMDWFHGGLQFQVEHHLFPRLPRCHYRMVAPIVRD YVGPPKGNDWFERQTAGTLDIKCSPWMDWFHGGLQFQVEHHLFPRLPRCHYRMVAPIVRD YVGPPKGNDWFERQTAGTLDIKCSPWMDWFHGGLQFQVEHHLFPRLPRCHYRMVAPIVRD YVGPPKGNDWFERQTAGTLDIKCSPWMDWFHGGLQFQVEHHLFPRLPRCHYRMVAPIVRD YVGPPKGNDWFERQTAGTLDIKCSPWMDWFHGGLQFQVEHHLFPRLPRCHYRMVAPIVRD YVGPPKGDNWFERQTRGTIDIKCSPWMDWFFGGLQFQVEHHLFPRLPRCHYRMVAPIVRD
<pre>bitterbush [SIN_2] soybean [SIN_8] borage [gi_2062403] corn [SIN_4] wheat [SIN_10] wheat [gi_4104056] soybean [SIN_6] sunflower [gi_1040729]</pre>	LCQKHNLSYETATMWEANKMVYSTLRAVAMEAKDVTK-PVPKNMVWEAMNTFG LCKKHNLPYRSLSFWEANQWTIRTLRTAALQARDLTN-PAPKNLLWEAWNTHG LCKKHNLPYNYASFSKANEMTLRTLRNTALQARDITK-PLPKNLVWEALHTHG LCKKHGLTYSAATFWGANVLTWKTLRAAALQARTATSGGAPKNLVWEALHTHG LCKKHGLSYGAATFWEANVMTWKTLRAAALQAREATTGAAPKNLVWEALNTHG LCKKHGLSYGAATFWEANVMTWKTLRAAALQAREATTGAAPKNLVWEALNTHG LCKKHGLSYGAATFWEANVMTWKTLRAAALQAREATTGAAPKNLVWEALNTHG LCKKHGLSYGAATFWEANVMTWKTLRAAALQAREATTGAAPKNLVWEALNTHG LCKKHGLSYGAATFWEANVMTWKTLRAAALQAREATTGAAPKNLVWEALNTHG LCKKHGLSYGAATFWEANVMTWKTLRAAALQAREATTGAAPKNLVWEALNTHG LCKKHGLSYGAATFWEANVMTWKTLRAAALQAREATTGAAPKNLVWEALNTHG

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Pro Val Phe 145	Ala Val Se 15		he Phe Asn 155	Ser Ile Thr	Ser His 160	
Xaa Tyr Gly	Arg Lys Xa 165	a Glu Phe A	Asp Xaa Ile 170	Ala Xaa Phe	Leu Ile 175	
Cys Tyr Gln	His Phe Th 180	r Phe Tyr H 1	Pro Val Met 185	Cys Val Ala 190	Arg Val	
Asn Leu Tyr 195		r Ile Leu I 200	Leu Leu Phe	Ser Arg Xaa 205	Lys Val	
Gln Asp Arg 210	Ala Leu As	n Ile Met (215	Gly Ile Leu	Val Phe Trp 220	Thr Trp	
Phe Leu Phe 225	Leu Leu Al 23		Phe Val Pro 235	Ile Gln His	i Ile Gln 240	
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Ile Ala Trp Trp Lys Phe Asn His Asn Thr His His Ile Ser Cys Asn Ser Leu Asp His Asp Pro Asp Leu Gln His Leu Pro Leu Phe Ala Val Ser Thr Lys Leu Phe Asn Asn Leu Trp Ser Val Cys Tyr Glu Arg Thr Leu Ala Phe Asp Ala Ile Ser Lys Phe Phe Val Ser Tyr Gln His Trp Thr Phe Tyr Pro Val Met Gly Phe Ala Arg Ile Asn Leu Leu Val Gln Ser Ile Val Phe Leu Ile Thr Gln Lys Lys Val Arg Gln Arg Trp Leu Glu Ile Ala Gly Val Ala Ala Phe Trp Val Trp Tyr Pro Leu Leu Val Ser Cys Leu Pro Asn Trp Trp Glu Arg Val Ala Phe Val Leu Ala Ser Phe Val Ile Thr Gly Ile Gln His Val Gln Phe Cys Leu Asn His Phe Ser Ser Ala Val Tyr Val Gly Pro Pro Lys Gly Asn Asp Trp Phe Glu Arg Gln Thr Ala Gly Thr Leu Asp Ile Lys Cys Ser Pro Trp Met Asp Trp Phe His Gly Gly Leu Gln Phe Gln Val Glu His His Leu Phe Pro Arg Leu Pro Arg Cys His Tyr Arg Met Val Ala Pro Ile Val Arg Asp Leu Cys Lys His Gly Leu Ser Tyr Gly Ala Ala Thr Phe Trp Glu Ala Asn Val Met Thr Trp Lys Thr Leu Arg Ala Ala Ala Leu Gln Ala Arg Glu Ala Thr Thr Gly Ala Ala Pro Lys Asn Leu Val Trp Glu Ala Leu Asn Thr His Gly <210> <211> <212> PRT <213> Borago officinalis <400> 11 Met Ala Ala Gln Ile Lys Lys Tyr Ile Thr Ser Asp Glu Leu Lys Asn

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His Asp Lys Pro Gly Asp Leu Trp Ile Ser Ile Gln Gly Lys Ala Tyr Asp Val Ser Asp Trp Val Lys Asp His Pro Gly Gly Ser Phe Pro Leu Lys Ser Leu Ala Gly Gln Glu Val Thr Asp Ala Phe Val Ala Phe His Pro Ala Ser Thr Trp Lys Asn Leu Asp Lys Phe Phe Thr Gly Tyr Tyr Leu Lys Asp Tyr Ser Val Ser Glu Val Ser Lys Asp Tyr Arg Lys Leu Val Phe Glu Phe Ser Lys Met Gly Leu Tyr Asp Lys Lys Gly His Ile Met Phe Ala Thr Leu Cys Phe Ile Ala Met Leu Phe Ala Met Ser Val Tyr Gly Val Leu Phe Cys Glu Gly Val Leu Val His Leu Phe Ser Gly Cys Leu Met Gly Phe Leu Trp Ile Gln Ser Gly Trp Ile Gly His Asp Ala Gly His Tyr Met Val Val Ser Asp Ser Arg Leu Asn Lys Phe Met Gly Ile Phe Ala Ala Asn Cys Leu Ser Gly Ile Ser Ile Gly Trp Trp Lys Trp Asn His Asn Ala His His Ile Ala Cys Asn Ser Leu Glu Tyr Asp Pro Asp Leu Gln Tyr Ile Pro Phe Leu Val Val Ser Ser Lys Phe Phe Gly Ser Leu Thr Ser His Phe Tyr Glu Lys Arg Leu Thr Phe Asp Ser Leu Ser Arg Phe Phe Val Ser Tyr Gln His Trp Thr Phe Tyr Pro Ile Met Cys Ala Ala Arg Leu Asn Met Tyr Val Gln Ser Leu Ile Met Leu Leu Thr Lys Arg Asn Val Ser Tyr Arg Ala His Glu Leu Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Phe Ser Ile Trp Tyr Pro Leu Leu Val Ser Cys Leu Pro Asn Trp Gly Glu Arg Ile Met Phe Val Ile Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Thr Gly Met Gln Gln Val Gln Phe Ser Leu Asn His Phe Ser Ser Val





Tyr Val Gly Lys Pro Lys Gly Asn Asn Trp Phe Glu Lys Gln Thr Asp Gly Thr Leu Asp Ile Ser Cys Pro Pro Trp Met Asp Trp Phe His Gly Gly Leu Gln Phe Gln Ile Glu His His Leu Phe Pro Lys Met Pro Arg Cys Asn Leu Arg Lys Ile Ser Pro Tyr Val Ile Glu Leu Cys Lys His Asn Leu Pro Tyr Asn Tyr Ala Ser Phe Ser Lys Ala Asn Glu Met Thr Leu Arg Thr Leu Arg Asn Thr Ala Leu Gln Ala Arg Asp Ile Thr Lys Pro Leu Pro Lys Asn Leu Val Trp Glu Ala Leu His Thr His Gly <210> <211> <212> PRT <213> Triticum aestivum <400> 12 Met Ala Arg Thr Gly Leu Ala Asp Ala Thr Ala Pro Glu Ala Asp Ala Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Lys Asp Ala Ala Asp Val Arg Met Ile Ser Thr Lys Glu Leu Gln Ala His Ala Ala Ala Asp Asp Leu Trp Ile Ser Ile Ser Gly Asp Val Tyr Asp Val Thr Pro Trp Leu Arg His His Pro Gly Gly Glu Val Pro Leu Ile Thr Leu Ala Gly Gln Asp Ala Thr Asp Ala -80 Phe Met Ala Tyr His Pro Pro Ser Val Arg Pro Leu Leu Arg Arg Phe Phe Val Gly Arg Leu Thr Asp Tyr Thr Val Pro Pro Ala Ser Ala Asp Phe Arg Arg Leu Leu Ala Gln Leu Ser Ser Ala Gly Leu Phe Glu Arg Val Gly His Thr Pro Lys Phe Leu Leu Val Ala Met Ser Val Leu Phe Cys Ile Ala Leu Tyr Cys Val Leu Ala Cys Ser Ser Thr Gly Ala His Met Phe Ala Gly Gly Leu Ile Gly Phe Ile Trp Ile Gln Ser Gly Trp





Ile Gly His Asp Ser Gly His His Gln Ile Thr Arg His Pro Ala Leu Asn Arg Leu Leu Gln Val Val Ser Gly Asn Cys Leu Thr Gly Leu Gly Ile Ala Trp Trp Lys Phe Asn His Asn Thr His His Ile Ser Cys Asn Ser Leu Asp His Asp Pro Asp Leu Gln His Leu Pro Leu Phe Ala Val Ser Thr Lys Leu Phe Asn Asn Leu Trp Ser Val Cys Tyr Glu Arg Thr Leu Ala Phe Asp Ala Ile Ser Lys Phe Phe Val Ser Tyr Gln His Trp Thr Phe Tyr Pro Val Met Gly Phe Ala Arg Ile Asn Leu Leu Val Gln Ser Ile Val Phe Leu Ile Thr Gln Lys Lys Val Arg Gln Arg Trp Leu Glu Ile Ala Gly Val Ala Ala Phe Trp Val Trp Tyr Pro Leu Leu Val Ser Cys Leu Pro Asn Trp Trp Glu Arg Val Ala Phe Val Leu Ala Ser Phe Val Ile Thr Gly Ile Gln His Val Gln Phe Cys Leu Asn His Phe Ser Ser Ala Val Tyr Val Gly Pro Pro Lys Gly Asn Asp Trp Phe Glu Arg Gln Thr Ala Gly Thr Leu Asp Ile Lys Cys Ser Pro Trp Met Asp Trp Phe His Gly Gly Leu Gln Phe Gln Val Glu His His Leu Phe Pro Arg Leu Pro Arg Cys His Tyr Arg Met Val Ala Pro Ile Val Arg Asp Leu Cys Lys His Gly Leu Ser Tyr Gly Ala Ala Thr Phe Trp Glu Ala Asn Val Met Thr Trp Lys Thr Leu Arg Ala Ala Ala Leu Gln Ala Arg Glu Ala Thr Thr Gly Ala Ala Pro Lys Asn Leu Val Trp Glu Ala Leu Asn Thr His Gly <210> <211> 458





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Trp Phe Pro Leu Leu Val Ser Arg Leu Pro Asn Trp Pro Glu Arg Val 320 315 310 305 Ala Phe Val Leu Val Ser Phe Cys Val Thr Gly Ile Gln His Ile Gln 335 330 325 Phe Thr Leu Asn His Phe Ser Gly Asp Val Tyr Val Gly Pro Pro Lys 350 345 340 Gly Asp Asn Trp Phe Glu Lys Gln Thr Arg Gly Thr Ile Asp Ile Ala 360 365 355 Cys Ser Ser Trp Met Asp Trp Phe Phe Gly Gly Leu Gln Phe Gln Leu 380 375 370 Glu His His Leu Phe Pro Arg Leu Pro Arg Cys His Leu Arg Ser Ile 395 400 390 385 Ser Pro Ile Cys Arg Glu Leu Cys Lys Lys Tyr Asn Leu Pro Tyr Val 410 415 405 Ser Leu Ser Phe Tyr Asp Ala Asn Val Thr Thr Leu Lys Thr Leu Arg 425 430 420 Thr Ala Ala Leu Gln Ala Arg Asp Leu Thr Asn Pro Ala Pro Gln Asn 440 445 435 Leu Ala Trp Glu Ala Phe Asn Thr His Gly 450 455 <210> 14 <211> 38 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Definition of Artificial Sequence: PCR primer for 5' of pk0011.d5 <400> 14 35 tttgcggccg caaatcaatg gaagaagcaa agaag <210> 15 <211> 33 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Definition of Sequence: antisense PCR primer for 3' of pk0011.d5 <400> 15 33 tttgcggccg ccaggattca cccgaaagtg ttc <210> 16 <211> 823 <212> DNA <213> Triticum aestivum

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Val Gly